Registered Actively Seeking Work September 2013



Statistics Unit: www.gov.je/statistics

Summary

On 30 September 2013:

- on a seasonally adjusted basis, the total number of people registered as actively seeking work (ASW) in Jersey was²:
 - 30 higher than a month earlier, in August 2013;
 - 20 higher than the average for the preceding three months;
- the non-seasonally adjusted ASW total was 1,810; this latest monthly total is:
 - 10 lower than a month earlier, in August 2013;
 - 200 higher than a year earlier (September 2012) and almost double that of four years ago (September 2009)³;
- long-term registered ASW (registered for more than twelve months) accounted for a fifth of total ASW and was at the same level as in the previous month (August 2013);
- 320 teenagers aged 16-19 years were registered as ASW, 30 higher than a month earlier; 140 teenagers were on the Advance to Work scheme.

Introduction

Data on people registered as actively seeking work in Jersey is compiled and administered by the Social Security Department. The Statistics Unit independently analyses this anonymised data and publishes a monthly report.

When interpreting the numbers presented, it should be kept in mind that there is no legal requirement for all unemployed residents of Jersey to register as actively seeking work (ASW) with the Social Security Department. The numbers shown constitute an informative set of indicators of the level of individuals actively seeking work in the Island at a given point in time.

The internationally comparable unemployment rate (as defined by the International Labour Organisation, ILO) comprises people who are registered and also those who are not registered as unemployed and seeking work. The ILO unemployment rate for Jersey is measured through the Annual Social Survey and the Census. In recent years, the ILO unemployment rate for Jersey has been:

- 4.7% in March 2011, measured by the 2011 Jersey Census; this unemployment rate corresponded to 2,570 people being unemployed and looking for work in March 2011;
- 5.7% in June 2013, measured by the 2013 Jersey Annual Social Survey; this unemployment rate corresponded to 3,200 people being unemployed and looking for work in June 2013.

Seasonal adjustment is a statistical technique which enables examination of the underlying behaviour in a series of data by removing variations associated with the time of year, e.g. Christmas, Easter, academic year.

ASW numbers presented in this report are rounded independently to the nearest 10.

When placing the figures contained in this report in a historical context, it should be recognised that there have been significant changes in the criteria relating to registered ASW in Jersey in recent years. In particular, the introduction of Income Support in 2008 has led to a higher proportion of individuals who were actively seeking work being included in the registered figures.

Registered Actively Seeking Work

On 30 September 2013, 1,810 people were registered with the Social Security Department as actively seeking work (ASW). Almost three-quarters (73%) of people registered as ASW on this date (1,320 individuals) were receiving Income Support⁴.

Figure 1 shows the total number of people registered as ASW at the end of each month since January 2009 (monthly data are shown in Appendix Table A1). The total number registered in September 2013 was 10 lower than a month earlier (August 2013), some 200 higher than a year earlier (September 2012) and almost double that of four years earlier (September 2009).

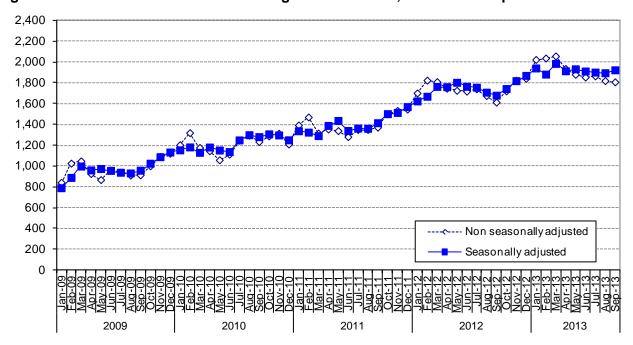


Figure 1 – Total number of individuals registered as ASW, Jan 2009 – Sept 2013

The seasonally adjusted series of the total registered as ASW, in which seasonal and calendar effects are removed, is also shown on Figure 1. From this perspective, the total number of people registered as ASW in Jersey in September 2013 was:

- 30 higher than a month earlier, in August 2013;
- 20 higher than the mean for the preceding three-month period, June to August 2013.

Registered ASW by age

On 30 September 2013, almost one in three (30%) people registered as ASW were under the age of 25 years; around one in six (18%) of the total were teenagers aged 16-19 years.

Figure 2 shows the numbers registered as ASW by age of individuals in each of the last five months, from May 2013 to September 2013.

In the latest month, 16-19 year olds recorded an increase of around 30 in the number of people registered as ASW compared with the previous month. In contrast, most other age groups either remained essentially unchanged (with differences of less than 10) or, in the case of those aged 20-24 and 40-44 years, decreases of 20 compared with the previous month.

⁴ The total number of adults receiving Income Support and not working will be greater than this figure, which represents the number of people receiving Income Support who were registered as ASW on 30 September 2013.

350 □May-13 ■Jun-13 300 ■Jul-13 ■Aug-13 250 ■Sep-13 200 150 100 50 0 16-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59

Figure 2 - Individuals registered as ASW by age, May 2013 - Sept 2013

Figure 3 shows the age distribution for people under 25 years of age who were registered as ASW in the latest five months, from May 2013 to September 2013. Of the 320 teenagers (aged 16-19 years) who were registered as ASW at the end of September 2013, 140 were on the Advance to Work scheme.

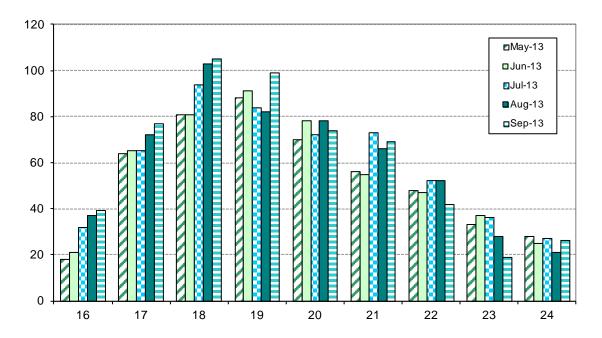


Figure 3 – Individuals under the age of 25 registered as ASW, May 2013 – Sept 2013

Duration as ASW

More than two-fifths (43%) of all people registered as ASW on 30 September 2013 had been registered for three months or less – see Figure 4.

450 □May-13 400 □Jun-13 350 ■Jul-13 300 ■Aug-13 250 ■Sep-13 200 150 100 50 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 10 12 >12 Months registered as ASW

Figure 4 – Registered ASW by length of period registered (months), May 2013 – Sept 2013

350 people had registered as ASW in the latest month, about 50 more than in August 2013. The latest number of new registrants was 90 higher than in the corresponding month of the previous year, September 2012, and 120 more than in September 2011.

Long-term ASW

On 30 September 2013, there were 360 people who had been registered as ASW for longer than twelve months. The latest number of long-term unemployed is similar to that seen a month earlier (in August 2013) and lower than the level recorded between March and July 2013 (see Figure 5).

Long-term ASW accounted for a fifth (20%) of the latest ASW total.

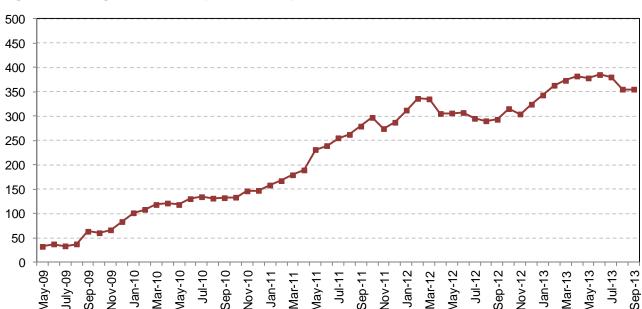
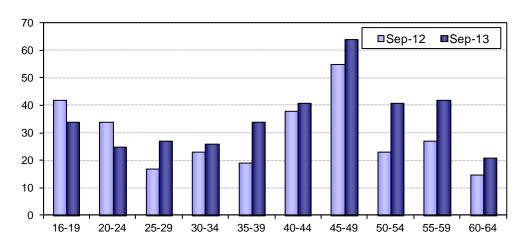


Figure 5 – Long-term ASW, Apr 2009 – September 2013

Figure 6 shows the age distribution of the long-term ASW in September 2013.

Figure 6 – Long-term ASW by age, Sept 2012 and Sept 2013

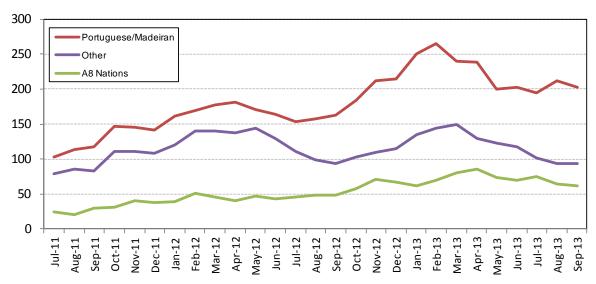


In September 2013 there were 60 people under 25 years of age who had been registered as ASW for more than a year, accounting for a sixth (17%) of the total long-term ASW. People aged 45 years or above accounted for almost half (47%) of the total long-term ASW in September 2013.

Registered ASW by Nationality

On 30 September 2013, four-fifths (80%) of all people registered as ASW were of British/Jersey nationality⁵. The proportion of the total ASW represented by such nationals has decreased slightly over the last two years. The number of individuals registered as ASW for nationalities other than British/Jersey over the last two years is shown in Figure 7.

Figure 7 – Individuals registered as ASW by nationality, Sept 2011 – Sept 2013



There were 200 individuals of Portuguese/Madeiran nationality registered as ASW in September 2013. The number of such nationals registered as ASW was 10 lower than a month earlier (August 2013), 40 higher than a year earlier (September 2012) and 80 higher than two years ago (September 2011).

There were 60 individuals from the EU Accession (A8)⁶ nations who were registered as ASW in September 2013. The number of such nationals registered as ASW is slightly higher (up by 10) than a year earlier (September 2012) and double that of two years ago (September 2011).

⁶ The eight countries which joined ("gained accession to") the European Union in May 2004 were: the Czech Republic,

Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Slovakia and Slovenia.

⁵ Nationality recorded by the Social Security Department for the purpose of registering as ASW is self-reported.

Industry

Individuals working in some industries of the economy, notably in the Finance sector, often seek employment through private agencies and do not register with the Social Security Department. Such industries will, therefore, tend to be under-represented in the ASW numbers.

The last industry of employment was recorded for almost nine out of ten people registered as ASW in August 2013:

- around one in five were previously employed in 'Miscellaneous professional and domestic services' (21%) or in 'Retail and Wholesale, Motor repairs and sales' (19%);
- around one in eight were previously employed in 'Construction and allied trades' (13%).
- around one in ten were previously employed in 'Hotels, restaurants, pubs and clubs' (10%).

Notes

The numbers of people registered as ASW include people who are on the Advance to Work, Advance Plus and Workwise schemes. The ASW figure will also include individuals who are working less than the 35 hours a week required under the terms of Income support; such individuals will be working and actively seeking working simultaneously.

People who are registered as actively seeking work receive the support of one of the government employment schemes which come under the administration of Back to Work. They are:

- Advance to Work for jobseekers aged 16 19 years;
- Advance Plus for jobseekers with an industry-specific interest aged 20 65 years;
- Workwise for jobseekers with special employment needs;
- Work Zone for all registered jobseekers.

In addition to the development and expansion of these schemes, Back to Work is responsible for:

- the Employment Grant;
- a dedicated Employer Engagement team;
- the Long Term Unemployment Programme;
- Industry and employer specific initiatives.

The aim of Back to Work is to increase access to job opportunities for locally qualified people who are registered as actively seeking work by supporting jobseekers and building a partnership with employers to provide sustainable job opportunities.

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Appendix

Table A1: Number of individuals registered as ASW, Jan 2009 – Sept 2013⁷

	Male	Female	Total	Seasonally adjusted total
2009 Jan	570	270	840	790
Feb	700	320	1,020	890
Mar	720	330	1,050	1,000
Apr	620	300	920	960
May	560	300	870	970
Jun	630	330	960	950
Jul	620	320	940	940
Aug	580	320	910	930
Sep	580	330	910	960
Oct	650	350	1,000	1,020
Nov	700	390	1,090	1,090
Dec	700	420	1,120	1,130
2010 Jan	770	440	1,200	1,150
Feb	810	510	1,320	1,180
Mar	720	450	1,170	1,130
Apr	710	430	1,140	1,180
May	670	390	1,060	1,150
Jun	690	420	1,110	1,130
Jul	760	490	1,240	1,250
Aug	810	490	1,290	1,300
Sep	770	460	1,230	1,280
Oct	840	450	1,290	1,300
Nov	870	440	1,310	1,290
Dec	800	410	1,210	1,250
2011 Jan	910	480	1,390	1,330
Feb	960	510	1,470	1,320
Mar	850	460	1,310	1,290

	Male	Female	Total	Seasonally adjusted total
Apr	870	490	1,350	1,390
May	820	520	1,340	1,430
Jun	780	500	1,280	1,340
Jul	800	550	1,350	1,360
Aug	820	530	1,350	1,360
Sep	850	520	1,370	1,410
Oct	920	570	1,500	1,500
Nov	960	580	1,530	1,510
Dec	960	580	1,540	1,570
Jan	1,050	650	1,700	1,620
2012 Feb	1,130	690	1,820	1,670
Mar	1,100	700	1,810	1,760
Apr	1,060	680	1,740	1,760
May	1,040	680	1,720	1,800
Jun	1,020	700	1,720	1,760
Jul	1,020	720	1,740	1,750
Aug	1,020	650	1,670	1,710
Sep	970	650	1,610	1,680
Oct	1,020	700	1,720	1,740
Nov	1,090	730	1,820	1,820
Dec	1,100	740	1,840	1,870
Jan	1,210	810	2,020	1,940
2013 Feb	1,210	820	2,030	1,880
Mar	1,230	820	2,050	1,980
Apr	1,140	800	1,930	1,910
May	1,080	800	1,880	1,930
Jun	1,040	810	1,850	1,910
Jul	1,030	840	1,860	1,900
Aug	990	820	1,820	1,890
Sept	1,000	800	1,810	1,920

⁷ Numbers are rounded independently to the nearest 10; hence components may not sum to totals.