

Jersey Future Hospital Project

Outline Business Case

Appendix 32 – Benefits and Interventions Realisation Plan



Document Control

| Version | Date Issued | Summary of Changes | Author |
|---------|-------------|--|------------|
| V1 | 27.9.17 | Document compilation | T Nicholls |
| V2 | 29.9.17 | Model Benefits Realisation Table added | T Nicholls |
| V3 | 24.10.17 | Template updated | T Nicholls |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | Phasir | ig of Interv | entions | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|---|------|------|------|--------|--------------|---------|------|------|------|---|
| Strategic Objective | Intervention grouping | Intervention Title | Descriptor | Modelling Assumption | Examples of interventions | Bed Productivity Potential Option 4 at 2065 | Follow Up appointment Productivity | Theatre Productivity - 3.5 hr sessions | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | Responsibility for implementation |
| Inpatient flow | Standardised discharge pathway | | Consultant Physician ward rounds currently take place twice weekly. This contributes to 'batching' of discharges and outflow blocks for admissions from ED or transfer from EAU. Daily ward rounds (not | | Daily Ward Rounds, Reduction in | | | | | | | | | | | | | Divisional Lead |
| Hospital Attendance Avoidance | Community Teams/Community Working | Daily Ward Rounds | necessarily with consultant presence at each) smooths variation in patient flow (augmented by other interventions such as discharge before 12.00, discharge to assess etc.) | Median LoS benchmarks applied to general medicine patients | LOS 'red day' model, Home for lunch, Home 'sitting' service | -25.4 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | Emergency Services |
| Hospital Admittance Avoidance | Ambulatory Emergency Care | Step down facilities | To ensure that every patient requiring bed based nursing care is located in the right facility for | Reduce length of stay to 14 days | Step down beds; Readmissions; Samares ward and Silver Leas | -33.1 Beds | | | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | | | | Dep Director System |
| Inpatient flow | Rehabilitation and reablement | | located in the right facility for their level of dependency | | review | | | | | | | | | | | | | Redesign |
| Hospital Admittance Avoidance | Ambulatory Emergency Care | Discharge to Assess | Safe and timely discharge of patients Return to home or care home in the best possible physical, mental and emotional state | Assume all emergency patients with LoS <2 to be seen in EAU; Assume all Emergency patients without AEC codes have a 1 day LOS reduction; AEC and patients who are not AEC but have a LoS of 0-1 to be treated in PAU. | ED/EAU consultant model of care; Rapid Response team; Rapid diagnostics; PAU/ED colocation | -14.6 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | Divisional Lead Acute and Emergency Medicine and Deputy Director Service Redesign |
| Productivity & efficiency | | Reduction in surgical LOS | The implementation of a Day of Surgery Unit (with 23 Hour surgery processes where possible) forms part of a new surgical model for JGH. Proven in other jurisdictions it leads to reductions in ALOS for elective patients. Patients in surgical in-patient beds only when clinically indicated. ALOS 'currency' moves from bed days (midnight census) to bed hours (real time) | Median LoS benchmark applied to surgical patients | 23 hour care unit | -12.7 Beds | | | | 17% | 33% | 50% | 67% | 83% | 100% | | | Divisional Lead Theatres and Anaesthesia |
| Inpatient flow | Rehabilitation and reablement | Reablement unit | To ensure that every patient requiring bed based nursing care is located in the right facility for their level of dependency. To ensure that all patients are cared for by staff with the right competency and experience to meet their specific needs. To provide the possibility of primary care admissions to avoid need for acute hospital admission | LoS of 10 days in JGH and then transfer to OOH for both Neuro and T&O patients | Samares Ward and Silver Leas review | -13.7 Beds | | | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | | | | Divisional Lead Acute and Emergency Medicine and Deputy Director Service Redesign |

| Strategic Objective | Intervention grouping | Intervention Title | Descriptor | Modelling Assumption | Examples of interventions | | Follow Up appointment Productivity | Theatre Productivity - 3.5 hr sessions | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | Responsibility for implementation |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|---|-----------|--|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|
| Hospital Attendance Avoidance | Community Teams/Community Working | Birthing Centre/ home births | JGH operates a relatively medical model for 'normal' births. There is potential for more midwifery led care both through increasing home birth rates to c 10% and redesigning the patient pathway so women in labour are delivered solely by midwives in the hospital where clinically appropriate to do so . | Maternity acuity data | Specialist outreach nurse/midwife expansion | -4.4 Beds | | | | 50% | 100% | | | | | | | Divisional Lead Women and Children's Services ad Lead Midwife |
| Hospital Attendance Avoidance | Community Teams/Community Working | Implementation of AEC pathways that reduce inpatient | Avoidance of admission to hospital (for non-clinical reasons). Prevention of admissions to hospital where clinical care can be better provided out of hospital. Safe and timely discharge of | AEC rates | Care Hub; Single Point of Referal (SPOR); Community Pharmacy Pilots; Specialist outreach nurse/midwife | -3.3 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% | | Divisional Lead Acute and Emergency Medicine and |
| Inpatient flow | Standardised discharge pathway | LOS | patients. Return to home or care home in the best possible physical, mental and emotional state. | | expansion; Discharge to assess | | | | | | | | | | | | | Deputy Director Service Redesign |
| Hospital Attendance Avoidance | | Palliative Care provided OOH | group of patients include those who died 10 days or more after their date of admission In | Use the discharge destintation field - deceased. Exclude those that passed away in ICU or HDU. For those patients who deceased on medical wards and had a LoS greater than 14 days, reduce LoS to 14 days | Palliative care expansion | -3.0 Beds | | | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | | | | Div. Lead Emergency Care (working in partnership with Lead Nurse Jersey Hospice and Out of Hospital Lead and FNHC Senior Nurse |
| Productivity & efficiency | Surgical pathway productivity and efficiency | BADS | Where day surgery rates by clinical specialty exceed peer benchmarks to maintain this. Where they fall short of peer benchmarks to increase this to at least benchmark level | | Theatre scheduling | -3.6 Beds | | | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | | | | Divisional Lead (Theatres and Anaesthesia) |
| Productivity & efficiency | Surgical pathway productivity and efficiency | POLCE | There is an NHS and HSSD list of POLCE. Unnecessary provision of these procedures adds cost and patient safe risks. There will always be clinical indications for the use of these procedures for a small proportion of patient. | | Theatre scheduling | -0.3 Beds | | | | | | | | | | | | Divisional Lead Theatres and Anaesthesia |
| Hospital Admittance Avoidance | | Primary/Secondary/ Community & Voluntary Care Joint | care and nursing in out of hospital services to be able to provide | care homes postcodes may also be | JDOC/hospital at night; 24/7 community nursing; Step up service; | -0.8 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% | 100% | |
| Hospital Attendance Avoidance | Community Teams/Community Working | Working | services that woul otherwise need to be provided within the General Hospital. | | Rapid Response team | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Strategic Objective | Intervention grouping | Intervention Title | Descriptor | Modelling Assumption | Examples of interventions | Bed Productivity Potential Option 4 at 2065 | Follow Up appointment Productivity | Theatre Productivity - 3.5 hr sessions | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | Responsibility for implementation |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|
| Productivity & efficiency | Surgical pathway productivity and efficiency | Telemetry | With lower acuity patients cared for out of hospital the average acuity of those remaining will rise. Level 2 patients usually require monitoring available in critical care units. Caring for these patients in a distributed way using telemetry and other interventions such as Critical Care Outreach, Hospital at Night) avoids the need for additional high cost critical care beds. | Patients discharged from ICU and HDU or LoS <24hr in either unit. | Day of surgery | -0.9 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | Divisional Lead for Surgery and Critical Care |
| Productivity & efficiency | productivity and | Enhanced recovery for upper limb surgery | surgery, manages, prepares and coordinates the pre admission and post discharge enhanced recovery elements of an agreed pathway for those for whom in-patient surgery is indicated. Liaises with other key stakeholders | Median LoS will be used and applied to patients with upper limb procedure codes - the following OPCS codes will be used for this O06, O07, O08, O10, W96, W97, W98, X19, Z54, Z68, Z81 EY to assess the impact of using upper quartile rather than median | | 0.0 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | Divisional Lead Ambulatory Care and Support Services (Deputy Director Operations) |
| Inpatient flow | Rehabilitation and reablement | Admission criteria onto rehab | To oncure that all nationts are | Reduce length of stay to 14 days for Nurology patients with length of stay above these values | Samares Ward and Silver Leas review | -0.4 Beds | | | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | | | | Divisional Lead Acute and Emergency Medicine and Deputy Director Service Redesign |
| Hospital Admittance Avoidance | Ambulatory Emergency Care | Reduction in LOS | post discharge enhanced recovery | | Rapid Response team; | | | | | | | | | | | | | Divisional Lead Ambulatory Care and Support |
| Hospital Attendance Avoidance | Community Teams/Community Working | for revision | elements of an agreed pathway for those for whom in-patient surgery is indicated. Liaises with other key stakeholders (Orthopaedic Surgeons, GP, ward staff, family, out of hospital services) | (see Revision Codes tab for procedure codes) | 24/7 community nursing | 0.0 Beds | | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% | 100% | Services (Deputy Director Operations) |
| Productivity & efficiency | Surgical pathway productivity and efficiency | Theatre sessions | Theatres will be designed as flexible in use and will utilise lean/productive theatre techniques with effective timetabling | Target theatre utilisation rate of 80% with sensitivities | Theatre/minor ops utilisation | | | -333.5 Sessions | 25% | 50% | 75% | 100% | | | | | | Divisional Lead Theatres and Anaesthesia |
| Productivity & efficiency | | Outpatient New to Follow ups | | New:follow up benchmarking for Cardiology, Respiratory, Pain, Diabetes, Neurology, Rheumatology and Urology | Deliver new to follow up ratio average benchmark | | -5,018.3 Outpatient Clinics | | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% | 100% | Divisional Leads |



This Benefits realisation Plan reflects the extent of benefit anticipated to be delivered by the Preferred Option against the projects key Benefit criteria

| Benefit Category 1 | I: Safe Clinical Services | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|---|--|---|------------------|-----------|---|
| | | Perfo | rmance | | | | Review | Date for |
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Frequency | Realisation |
| Reduction in hospital acquired infections | MRSA C Difficile rates Norovirus | 2017/18 figure | Trajectory continue to be above national target | No per 1000 bed days No per 1000 admissions Beds days lost during norovirus outbreak | Facilities will be easier to keep clean and best practice will be maintained Single rooms remove need to cohort patients (although staff cohorting will continue) | Chief Nurse | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
| Reduced number of avoidable deaths in hospital | Serious Incident Reports where avoidable death considered | 2017/18 figure | Target to be set following base lining activities | Serious Incident Reports where avoidable death considered) | Improved access to diagnostics, rapid access to first line treatment, effective model of care and improved patient pathways will improve patient safety and impact on appropriateness of hospital for location of palliative care. | Medical Director | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
| Improved integration means that patients will receive seamless care and support tailored to their needs. | Patient complaints | 2017/18 baseline | % of complaints where coordination of care is cited | Number of complaints per 1000 patients | Metrics for patient complaints remain consistent | Medical Director | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |



| Consistent standards of care are maintained with few errors and untoward incidents | 2017/18 Target to be figure set following base lining activities | management new ca systems training | ew models of care, are pathways, staff g and new facility cilitate better care | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|--------|---|
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|--------|---|

| Benefit Category 1 | : Safe Clinical Services | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------|--|---|
| | | Perfo | rmance | | | _ | Review | Date for |
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Frequency | Realisation |
| Reduction in avoidable harm | Patient reported outcome measures (PROMs): Patient Generated Index sampling Disease specific questionnaires | Samples taken during 2017/18 | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Interviews Questionnaires | Working to evidence based protocol, greater critical mass of medical staff and reduced professional isolation | Medical Director | Rolling programme of yearly samples | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
| Reduced requirement for clinically unnecessary overnight hospital stay | Zero length of stay patients Day surgery rate | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Hospital Information Systems | That new model of care will reduce the ALOS to a maximum 23 hours for appropriate patients | Operations Director | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
| Faster admission to hospital when required | Time from decision to admit | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining activities | ED system reports | That the new care model will improve assessment and patient flows | Medical Director | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |



| Ability to deliver excellent acute services | Aggregated results of peer review (across two years), Royal College and Health Education England Education Standards (Wessex Deanery' | ТВА | 100% good / excellent | Clinical Governance Reports | That the facility will meet peer review standards and that working to evidence based protocol will improve standards | Medical Director | Bi yearly | 3 years after hospital opening |
|--|---|-----|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|
|--|---|-----|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|

| Benefit Category 2: Sustainable Clinical Services | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---|---|--|--|-----------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Perfor | mance | | | | Review | Date for | | | | | |
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Frequency | Realisation | | | | | |
| Enhanced assessment in intermediate care will reduce discharge from hospital into long term Community care | Improved productivity created by more patient care in own home | ТВА | 20% reduction | Source of data TBA | 20% reduction assumed. (detailed assumptions in economics update) | Operations Director | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening | | | | | |
| Reduction in DNA rates due to improved service model | Reduction in cost of DNAs (national average for new / follow up) | 2016 | ТВА | No DNA x cost | Improvement to upper quartile | Divisional Lead Ambulatory Services | 6 Monthly | 1 year after hospital opening | | | | | |
| Increased day case rate resulting in fewer patients requiring elective inpatient surgery | Waiting times for elective surgery by specialty | 2016 | ТВА | Waiting times (weeks) | Return to work 20 days earlier than if patient admitted (detailed assumptions in economics update) | Divisional Lead Theatres and Anaesthesia | 6 monthly | 1 year after hospital opening | | | | | |
| The facility will be flexible to change in use | Facility utilisation rates | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Estate code performance management tools | The generic space design will facilitate change in utilisation as healthcare develops | Divisional Lead Estates and Facilities | Yearly | 2 years after hospital opening | | | | | |



| The new hospital will be a high-quality building | Hospital condition survey | 2017/18 outcomes | 100% at highest rating | Estate code performance management tools | That quality is retained during the procurement process | Project Director (Delivery) FH Project | Yearly | On opening |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| The new hospital will meet all statutory requirements | Statutory compliance standards survey | 2017/18 outcomes | 100% at highest rating | Estate code performance management tools | That lifecycle investment needs building needs in future | Project Director (Delivery) FH Project | Yearly | On opening |
| Ability to contribute to reduced carbon emissions | Reduction in Kg CO ² Measures | Expected annual production: 105 KgCO ² | Reduce by 30% = 2665 tonnes CO ² | Carbon emission measures | That new building will meet targets set for energy consumption | Project Director (Delivery) FH Project and Divisional Lead Estates and Facilities | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
| Benefit Category * | : Affordable Clinical Serv | vices | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | 1 | | |
| | | Perfo | rmance | | | | Review | Date for |
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Perfor Baseline | rmance Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Review Frequency | Date for Realisation |
| Benefit Description Standardised Ward Template | Indicator Nursing revenue costs per bed | | [| Measurement Quarterly nursing budget | Assumptions Standardisation of ward size reduces 'fixed cost' proportion of budget | Responsibility Director of Operations | | |



| Emergency Floor will support modernised unscheduled care workforce | New roles in unscheduled care workforce | Division of Emergency Care workforce profile | Advanced non- medical practitioner roles established | Quarterly workforce report | Some middle grade medical roles will be substituted by non- medical advanced practitioner roles | Director of Operations | 6 monthly | On opening |
|---|--|--|---|----------------------------------|---|---|-----------|------------|
| Patients not requiring in patient acute care | Patients in acute beds who could have been cared for elsewhere if such facilities existed | MCAP outcome reported 2018 | < 10 beds occupied in appropriately (MCAP definition) | Delayed Discharge Report | Out of Hospital services in place as set out in P82/2012 | Director System Redesign and Delivery | 6 Monthly | On opening |

| | | Performance | | | | | Review | Date for |
|---|---|---------------------|---|--|---|------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Frequency | Realisation |
| Staff will be satisfied with their experience at work | Staff satisfaction measures Sickness rates | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Staff Questionnaire Routine workforce reporting systems | That the workforce transition model has been effective and that staff enjoy working in a fit for purpose building | HSSD HR Director | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
| Improved extended scope nursing and AHP skills | Number of accredited nurse / AHP consultants and extended scope practitioners | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Workforce reporting systems | Strategic workforce plan completed that identifies the new roles. That a programme has been implemented to deliver the enhanced skills | HSSD HR Director | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |



| Staff will have improved knowledge and skills | Number of staff with NVQ grade 3 / 4 Personal development review rates | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities 100% PDR | Training and Education system reporting | That education requirements have been identified and training completed effectively | HSSD HR Director | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
|--|---|---------------------|---|--|---|------------------|---------------------|---|
| Improved teamwork | Staff satisfaction measures | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Staff Questionnaire | That the workforce transition model has been effective and that training has taken team working approaches into account | HSSD HR Director | Yearly | 2 years after hospital opening |
| Improved workforce Productivity | Consultant productivity indicator | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Hospital information systems and workforce systems | That the workforce review concludes and is implemented | HSSD HR Director | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
| Benefit Category 3 | : Integrated | | | | • | | - | • |
| | Indicator | Performance | | | | | Poviow | Date for |
| Benefit Description | | | | Measurement | | | Review Frequency | Date for |
| | | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | | Date for Realisation |
| Patients will experience effective integrated care avoiding unnecessary admissions. | Better Care Indicators | Baseline TBA | Target TBA | TBA | Assumptions RCRH model of care embedded and sustainable in LHE. | | | |



| Patients will not need to stay in hospital any longer than required by their medical condition | Average length of stay | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Hospital Information Systems | That new model of care delivers functional separation of emergency & planned care | Director of Operations | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
|---|---|---------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--------|---|
| Expensive facilities will be fully utilised to support smooth patient flows | Theatre utilisation MRI and CT utilisation | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Departmental and hospital systems | That sessions will be planned effectively | Director of Operations Director of Strategy | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
| That improved patient flows will result in financial efficiencies | Cost / income differential per spell | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining | Hospital Information Systems | Assumptions as above leading to reduced length of | Director of Operations Director of Strategy | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital |

| Benefit Category 4: Improved Person-Centred Care | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------|---|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Performance | | | | | Review | Date for | |
| | | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Frequency | Realisation | |
| Patients and visitors will be treated with respect | Patient satisfaction measures | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Patient Questionnaire | That a patient centred, customer focussed culture is in place with a well educated workforce delivering care. | Chief Nurse | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening | |



| Patients will feel that their privacy and dignity has been maintained | Patient satisfaction measures | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Patient Questionnaire | That single room accommodation is available for patients who want it. That facilities are 'single' sex. That staff meet the spiritual and personal needs of patients. | Chief Nurse | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Patients will feel that they have received the best possible treatment | Patient satisfaction measures | 2017/18 outcomes | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Patient Questionnaire | The modern design of the facility will inspire confidence in patients that they are receiving the most up to date care available. The models of care will ensure they have been involved in decisions about their treatment | Chief Nurse | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
| Benefit Category 4: Ir | mproved Person-Centre | d Care | | 1 | | | | |
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Perf | ormance | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Review Frequency | Date for Realisation |
| Benefit Description | mulator | Baseline | Target | weasurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | | |
| Patients can be confident that treatment will be completed as planned | Hospital cancelled procedure rate | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Sit Rep reports | That separation of emergency & planned care will enable consistent delivery & improve patient experience. | Director of Operations | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |



| Improved information for patients | Patient satisfaction measures | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following | Patient Questionnaire | Information will be readily accessible | Head of Communications | Yearly | 1 year after hospital |
|--|--|-------------------|---|--|---|--|-----------|---|
| | measures | ngure | base lining activities | | to patients in all formats. Clinicians will use information to allow informed treatment choice for patients. | Communications | | opening |
| Patients and visitors can find their way around the hospital with ease | Patient satisfaction measures | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Patient Questionnaire | That the design is logical and that organisation of space helps navigation. | Divisional Lead Estates and Facilities | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
| Communication with patients from different ethnic groups improved | Increased take up of interpretation services | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining | Interpretation service activity | That staff will be trained effectively | Chief Nurse | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |
| Patients will be able to die in place of choice | Reduction in number of patients who die in hospital having chosen to die in a different setting | 2017/18 figure | Target to be set following base lining activities | Gold Standards Framework audit | That model of care will ensure that patient choice can be supported | Chief Nurse | Yearly | Trajectory to 2 years after hospital opening |
| Benefit Category 5: Po | ositive Socio-economic i | mpact | • | | | | | |
| | | Perfo | ormance | | | | Review | Date for |
| Benefit Description | Indicator | Baseline | Target | Measurement | Assumptions | Responsibility | Frequency | Realisation |
| The local area environment will regenerate around the new hospital | Hectares under development | ТВА | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Council Planning Department measures | That the hospital development will support development and implementation of regeneration plans | DFI Estates Director | Yearly | 1 year after hospital opening |



| The diversity of the hospital workforce will be enriched | Workforce ethnicity compared to local community mix | ТВА | Targets to be set following base lining activities | Workforce information systems | That the workforce transition model will consider local employment and support employment best practice | HSSD HR Director | Yearly | 2 years after hospital opening |
|--|---|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---------|--------------------------------------|
| Construction related jobs & opportunities for local people | Number of local jobs created in construction | 2017/18 figure | Targets to be set following base lining activities | KPI based on Targeted Recruitment & Training within the City Strategy Model. | Targeted recruitment &training opportunities identified from the out-set | FH Project Director (Construction Advisor) | Yearly | 2012 - 15 |
| Supply chain opportunities for local contractors and SME's in consequence to the construction and facility management | No of supply chain companies registering contract opportunities | ТВА | Targets to be set after base lining activities | KPI based on supply chain companies registering contract opportunities on the Councils web portal. | Smaller businesses will benefit from new procurement both in construction and in operations | FH Project Director (Construction Advisor) | Monthly | 2010/13 |