

AGREEMENT
BETWEEN
JERSEY
AND
THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM
FOR
THE EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO TAX MATTERS

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WHEREAS Jersey and the Kingdom of Belgium (the Contracting Parties) wish to enhance and facilitate the terms and conditions governing the exchange of information related to taxes;

WHEREAS it is acknowledged that the Government of Jersey has the right under the terms of its entrustment from the UK to negotiate, conclude, perform and subject to the terms of this Agreement, terminate a tax information exchange agreement between Jersey and the Kingdom of Belgium;

NOW, THEREFORE,

**THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY,
on the one hand,**

and

**THE BELGIAN FEDERAL GOVERNMENT,
THE FLEMISH GOVERNMENT,
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE FRENCH COMMUNITY,
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE GERMAN-SPEAKING COMMUNITY,
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE WALLOON REGION,
and THE GOVERNMENT OF THE BRUSSELS-CAPITAL REGION,
on the other hand,**

HAVE AGREED to conclude the following Agreement, which contains obligations on the part of the Contracting Parties only.

Article 1

Object and Scope of the Agreement

The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall provide assistance through exchange of information that is foreseeably relevant to the administration and enforcement of the domestic laws of the Contracting Parties concerning taxes covered by this Agreement. Such information shall include information that is foreseeably relevant to the determination, assessment and collection of such taxes, the recovery and enforcement of tax claims, or the investigation or prosecution of tax matters. Information shall be exchanged in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement and shall be treated as confidential in the manner provided in Article 8. The rights and safeguards secured to persons by the laws or administrative practice of the requested Party remain applicable to the extent that they do not unduly prevent or delay effective exchange of information.

Article 2

Jurisdiction

A Requested Party is not obligated to provide information which is neither held by its authorities nor in the possession or control of, or obtainable by, persons who are within its territorial jurisdiction.

Article 3

Taxes Covered

1. This Agreement shall apply to taxes of every kind and description imposed on behalf of the Contracting Parties, or of the political subdivisions or local authorities in the case of Belgium.
2. This Agreement shall also apply to any identical taxes imposed after the date of signature of the Agreement in addition to or in place of the existing taxes. This Agreement shall also apply to any substantially similar taxes imposed after the date of signature of the Agreement in addition to or in place of the existing taxes if the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties so agree. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall notify each other in writing of any substantial changes to the taxation and related information gathering measures covered by the Agreement.

Article 4

Definitions

1. For the purposes of this Agreement, unless otherwise defined:
 - a) the term “Jersey” means the Bailiwick of Jersey, including the territorial sea;
 - b) the term “Belgium” means the Kingdom of Belgium; used in a geographical sense, it means the territory of the Kingdom of Belgium, including the territorial sea and any other area in the sea and in the air within which the Kingdom of Belgium, in accordance with international law, exercises sovereign rights or its jurisdiction;

- c) the term “competent authority” means
 - i) in the case of Jersey, the Treasury and Resources Minister or his authorised representative;
 - ii) in the case of Belgium, as the case may be, the Minister of Finance of the Federal Government and/or of the Government of a Region and/or of a Community, or his authorised representative;
- d) the term “person” includes an individual, a company and any other body or group of persons;
- e) the term “company” means any body corporate or any entity that is treated as a body corporate for tax purposes;
- f) the term “publicly traded company” means any company whose principal class of shares is listed on a recognised stock exchange provided its listed shares can be readily purchased or sold by the public. Shares can be purchased or sold “by the public” if the purchase or sale of shares is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
- g) the term “principal class of shares” means the class or classes of shares representing a majority of the voting power and value of the company;
- h) the term “recognised stock exchange” means any stock exchange agreed upon by the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties;
- i) the term “collective investment fund or scheme” means any pooled investment vehicle, irrespective of legal form. The term “public collective investment fund or scheme” means any collective investment fund or scheme provided the units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed by the public. Units, shares or other interests in the fund or scheme can be readily purchased, sold or redeemed “by the public” if the purchase, sale or redemption is not implicitly or explicitly restricted to a limited group of investors;
- j) the term “tax” means any tax to which the Agreement applies;
- k) the term “requesting Party” means the Contracting Party requesting information;
- l) the term “requested Party” means the Contracting Party requested to provide information;
- m) the term “information gathering measures” means laws and administrative or judicial procedures that enable a Contracting Party to obtain and provide the requested information;
- n) the term “information” means any fact, statement or record in any form whatever;
- o) the term “criminal tax matters” means tax matters involving intentional conduct which is liable to prosecution under the criminal laws of the requesting Party;
- p) the term “criminal laws” means all criminal laws designated as such under domestic law irrespective of whether contained in the tax laws, the criminal code or other statutes.

2. As regards the application of this Agreement at any time by a Contracting Party, any term not defined therein shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the meaning that it has at that time under the law of that Party, any meaning under the applicable tax laws of that Party prevailing over a meaning given to the term under other laws of that Party.

Article 5

Exchange of Information upon Request

1. The competent authority of the requested Party shall provide upon request information for the purposes referred to in Article 1. Such information shall be exchanged without regard to whether the conduct being investigated would constitute a crime under the laws of the requested Party if such conduct occurred in the territory of the requested Party. The competent authority of the requesting Party should only make a request pursuant to the Article when it is unable to obtain the requested information by other means within its own territory, except where recourse to such means would give rise to disproportionate difficulty.
2. If the information in the possession of the competent authority of the requested Party is not sufficient to enable it to comply with the request for information, that Party shall use all relevant information gathering measures necessary to provide the requesting Party with the information requested, notwithstanding that the requested Party may not need such information for its own tax purposes.
3. If specifically requested by the competent authority of a requesting Party, the competent authority of the requested Party shall provide information under this Article, to the extent allowable under its domestic laws, in the form of depositions of witnesses and authenticated copies of original records.
4. Each Contracting Party shall ensure that its competent authorities for the purposes specified in Article 1 of the Agreement, and in accordance with Article 2 of the Agreement, have the authority to obtain and provide upon request:
 - a) information held by banks, other financial institutions, and any person acting in an agency or fiduciary capacity including nominees and trustees;
 - b) information regarding the legal and beneficial ownership of companies, partnerships, collective investment funds or schemes, trusts, foundations and other persons, including information on all persons in an ownership chain, and
 - i) in the case of collective investment funds or schemes, information on shares, units and other interests;
 - ii) in the case of trusts, information on settlors, trustees, protectors and beneficiaries;
 - iii) in the case of foundations, information on founders, members of the foundation council and beneficiaries; and
 - iv) in the case of persons that are neither collective investment schemes, trusts or foundations, equivalent information to the information in subparagraphs (i) to (iii).

Further, this Agreement does not create an obligation on the Contracting Parties to obtain or provide ownership information with respect to publicly traded companies or public collective investment funds or schemes unless such information can be obtained without giving rise to disproportionate difficulties.

5. The competent authority of the requesting Party shall provide the following information to the competent authority of the requested Party when making a request for information under the Agreement to demonstrate the foreseeable relevance of the information to the request:
- a) the identity of the person under examination or investigation;
 - b) a statement of the information sought including its nature and the form in which the requesting Party wishes to receive the information from the requested Party;
 - c) the tax purpose for which the information is sought;
 - d) grounds for believing that the information requested is held in the requested Party or is in the possession or control of or obtainable by a person within the jurisdiction of the requested Party;
 - e) to the extent known, the name and address of any person believed to be in possession of or able to obtain the requested information;
 - f) a statement that the request is in conformity with the law and administrative practices of the requesting Party, that if the requested information was within the jurisdiction of the requesting Party then the competent authority of the requesting Party would be able to obtain the information under the laws of the requesting Party or in the normal course of administrative practice and that it is in conformity with this Agreement;
 - g) a statement that the requesting Party has pursued all means available in its own territory to obtain the information, except those that would give rise to disproportionate difficulties.
6. The competent authority of the requested Party shall acknowledge receipt of the request to the competent authority of the requesting Party, advise if there are any unexpected delays in obtaining the requested information and shall use its best endeavours to forward the requested information to the requesting Party as soon as possible.

Article 6

Tax Examinations Abroad

1. With reasonable notice a Contracting Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the other Contracting Party to enter the territory of the first-mentioned Party to interview individuals and examine records with the written consent of the persons concerned. The competent authority of the second-mentioned Party shall notify the competent authority of the first-mentioned Party of the time and place of the meeting with the individuals concerned.
2. At the request of the competent authority of one Contracting Party, the competent authority of the other Contracting Party may allow representatives of the competent authority of the first-mentioned Party to be present at the appropriate part of a tax examination in the second-mentioned Party.

3. If the request referred to in paragraph 2 is acceded to, the competent authority of the Contracting Party conducting the examination shall, as soon as possible, notify the competent authority of the other Party about the time and place of the examination, the authority or official designated to carry out the examination and the procedures and conditions required by the first-mentioned Party for the conduct of the examination. All decisions with respect to the conduct of the tax examination shall be made by the Party conducting the examination.

Article 7

Possibility of Declining a Request

1. The requested Party shall not be required to obtain or provide information that the requesting Party would not be able to obtain under its own laws for purposes of the administration or enforcement of its own tax laws. The competent authority of the requested Party may decline to assist where the request is not made in conformity with this Agreement.
2. The provisions of this Agreement shall not impose on a Contracting Party any obligation to provide items subject to legal privilege, or information which would disclose any trade, business, industrial, commercial or professional secret or trade process. Notwithstanding the foregoing, information of the type referred to in Article 5, paragraph 4, shall not be treated as such a secret or trade process merely because it meets the criteria in that paragraph.
3. The requested Party may decline a request for information if the disclosure of the information would be contrary to public policy (ordre public).
4. A request for information shall not be refused on the ground that the tax claim giving rise to the request is disputed.
5. The requested Party may decline a request for information if the information is requested by the requesting Party to administer or enforce a provision of the tax law of the requesting Party, or any requirement connected therewith, which discriminates against a national of the requested Party as compared with a national of the requesting Party in the same circumstances.

Article 8

Confidentiality

1. All information provided and received by the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall be kept confidential.
2. Information provided to the competent authority of the requesting Party may not be used for any purpose other than the purposes stated in Article 1 without the prior expressed written consent of the requested Party.
3. Information provided shall be disclosed only to persons or authorities (including judicial and administrative authorities) concerned with the purposes specified in Article 1 and used by such persons or authorities only for such purposes including the determination of any appeal. For these purposes, information may be disclosed in public court proceedings or in judicial decisions.

4. The information provided to the requesting Party under this Agreement may not be disclosed to any other jurisdiction.

Article 9

Costs

Unless the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties otherwise agree, indirect costs incurred in providing assistance shall be borne by the requested Party, and direct costs incurred in providing assistance (including costs of engaging external advisers in connection with litigation or otherwise) shall be borne by the requesting Party. The respective competent authorities shall consult from time to time with regard to this Article, and in particular the competent authority of the requested Party shall consult with the competent authority of the requesting Party in advance where the costs of providing information with respect to a specific request are expected to be significant.

Article 10

Implementation Legislation

The Contracting Parties shall enact any legislation necessary to comply with, and give effect to, the terms of the Agreement.

Article 11

Language

Requests for assistance and answers thereto shall be drawn up in English.

Article 12

Other International Agreements or Arrangements

The possibilities of assistance provided by this Agreement do not limit, nor are they limited by, those contained in existing international agreements or other arrangements between the Contracting Parties which relate to co-operation in tax matters.

Article 13
Mutual Agreement Procedure

1. Where difficulties or doubts arise between the Contracting Parties regarding the implementation or interpretation of the Agreement, the competent authorities shall endeavour to resolve the matter by mutual agreement.
2. In addition to the agreements referred to in paragraph 1, the competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may mutually agree on the procedures to be used under Articles 5, 6 and 9.
3. The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties may communicate with each other directly for purposes of reaching agreement under this Article.
4. The Contracting Parties may also agree on other forms of dispute resolution.

Article 14
Entry into Force

Each of the Contracting Parties shall notify to the other in writing the completion of the procedures required by its law for the bringing into force of this Agreement. The Agreement shall enter into force on the date of the later of these notifications, and shall have effect:

- a) for criminal tax matters on that date; and
- b) for all other matters covered in Article 1, on that date, but only in respect of taxable periods beginning on or after that date, or, where there is no taxable period, all charges to tax arising on or after that date.

Article 15
Termination

1. Either Contracting Party may terminate the Agreement by serving a notice of termination in writing to the competent authority of the other Contracting Party.
2. Such termination shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of six months after the date of receipt of notice of termination by the other Contracting Party. All requests for information received up to the effective date of termination will be dealt with in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

3. After termination of the Agreement, the Contracting Parties shall remain bound by the provisions of Article 8 with respect to any information obtained under the Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorised thereto by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

DONE in duplicate at London, on the 13 day of March 2014, in the English language.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF JERSEY:

Handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Philip Barlow".

**FOR THE BELGIAN
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT:**

Handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of stylized initials and a surname.

FOR THE FLEMISH GOVERNMENT:

Handwritten signature in black ink, featuring a large, flowing initial and a long horizontal line extending to the right.

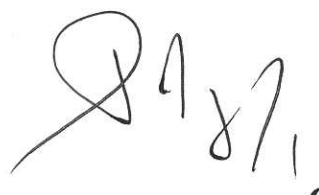
**FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE FRENCH COMMUNITY:**

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'S' followed by 'A' and 'N'.

**FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE GERMAN-SPEAKING
COMMUNITY:**

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'S' followed by 'A' and 'N'.

**FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE WALLOON REGION:**

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'S' followed by 'A' and 'N'.

**FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE BRUSSELS-CAPITAL REGION:**

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of stylized, cursive letters that appear to be 'D' and 'M' followed by a period.