

Registered Actively Seeking Work September 2012

Statistics Unit: www.gov.je/statistics

Summary

On 30 September 2012:

- on a **seasonally adjusted** basis¹, the total number of people registered as actively seeking work (ASW) in Jersey was²:
 - 30 lower than a month earlier, in August 2012;
 - 60 lower than the average for the preceding three months³;
 - the lowest seasonally adjusted total since February 2012;
- the non-seasonally adjusted ASW total was 1,610; this latest monthly total is:
 - 60 lower than a month earlier, in August 2012;
 - 240 higher than that of a year earlier, in September 2011;
 - 380 higher than that of two years earlier, in September 2010;
 - the lowest non-seasonally adjusted total since December 2011;
- **long-term registered ASW** (registered for more than twelve months) accounted for more than a sixth of total ASW;
- 320 **teenagers aged 16-19 years** were registered as ASW, 10 fewer than a month earlier; 130 teenagers were on the Advance to Work scheme.

Introduction

Data on people registered as actively seeking work in Jersey is compiled and administered by the Social Security Department. The Statistics Unit independently analyses this anonymised data and publishes a monthly report.

When interpreting the numbers presented, it should be kept in mind that there is no legal requirement for all unemployed residents of Jersey to register as actively seeking work (ASW) with the Social Security Department. The numbers shown constitute an informative set of indicators of the level and characteristics of individuals actively seeking work in the Island at the specified point in time.

The internationally comparable unemployment rate (as defined by the International Labour Organisation, ILO) is measured for Jersey through the Annual Social Survey or the Census. The ILO unemployment rate on 27 March 2011, measured by the 2011 Census, was 4.7%; this rate corresponds to 2,570 people being unemployed at that point in time.

The numbers of people registered as ASW include people who are on the Advance to Work, Advance Plus and Workwise schemes (see Note 1). The ASW figure will also include individuals who are working less than the 35 hours a week required under the terms of Income support; such individuals will be working and actively seeking working simultaneously.

¹ Seasonal adjustment is a statistical technique which enables examination of the underlying behaviour in a series of data by removing variations associated with the time of year, e.g. Christmas, Easter, academic year.

² ASW numbers presented in this report are rounded independently to the nearest 10.

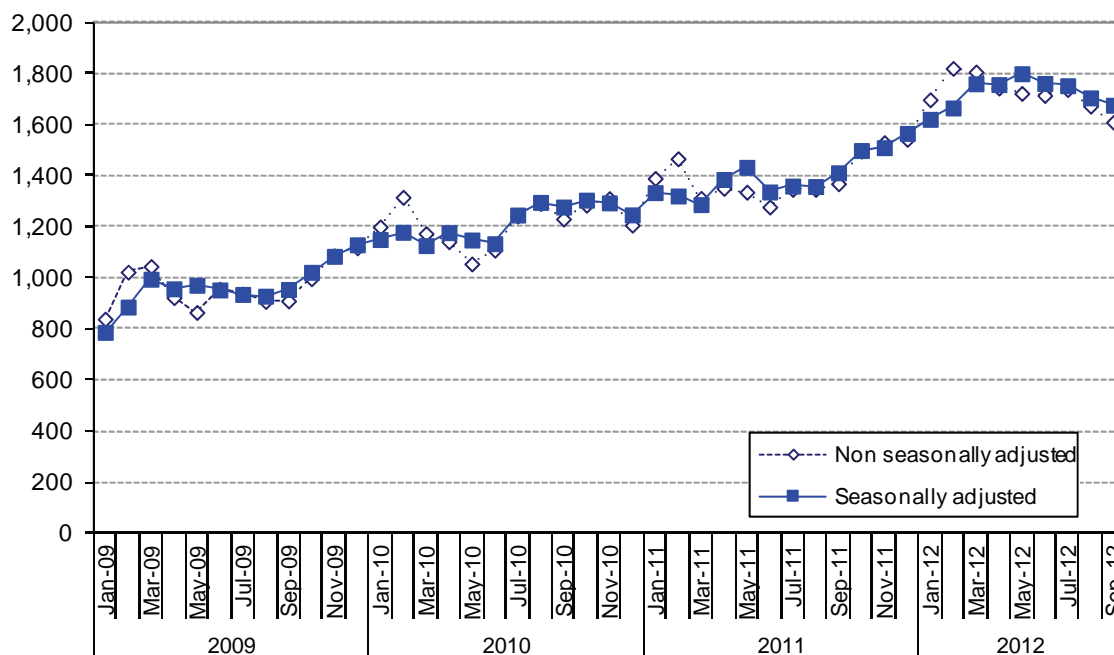
³ When placing the figures contained in this report in a historical context, it should be recognised that there have been significant changes in the criteria relating to registered ASW in Jersey in recent years. In particular, the introduction of Income Support in 2008 has led to a higher proportion of individuals who were actively seeking work being included in the registered figures.

Registered Actively Seeking Work

On 30 September 2012, 1,610 people were registered with the Social Security Department as actively seeking work (ASW). Three-quarters (75%) of people registered as ASW on this date (1,200 individuals) were receiving Income Support⁴.

Figure 1 shows the total number of people registered as ASW at the end of each month since January 2009 (monthly data are shown in Appendix Table A1). The total number registered in September 2012 was the lowest since December 2011 and was: 60 lower than a month earlier (August 2012); 240 higher than a year earlier (September 2011); and 380 higher than two years earlier (September 2010).

Figure 1 – Total number of individuals registered as ASW, Jan 2009 – Sept 2012



The seasonally adjusted series of the total registered as ASW, in which seasonal and calendar effects are removed, is also shown on Figure 1. From this perspective, the total number of people registered as ASW in Jersey in September 2012 was:

- 30 lower than a month earlier, in August 2012;
- 60 lower than the mean for the preceding three-month period, June to August 2012;
- the lowest seasonally adjusted total for seven months, since February 2012.

Registered ASW by age

On 30 September 2012, one in three (34%) of all people registered as ASW were under the age of 25; one in five (20%) of the total were teenagers aged 16-19 years.

Figure 2 shows the numbers registered as ASW by age of individuals for the last five months, from May 2012 to September 2012.

In the latest month, most age groups saw small changes compared with the previous month; the largest changes were for teenagers aged 16-19 years and the 20-24 age group, which recorded decreases of 20 and 30, respectively, in the latest month.

⁴ The total number of adults receiving Income Support and not working will be greater than this figure, which represents the number of people receiving Income Support who were registered as ASW on 30 September 2012.

Figure 2 – Individuals registered as ASW by age, May 2012 – Sept 2012

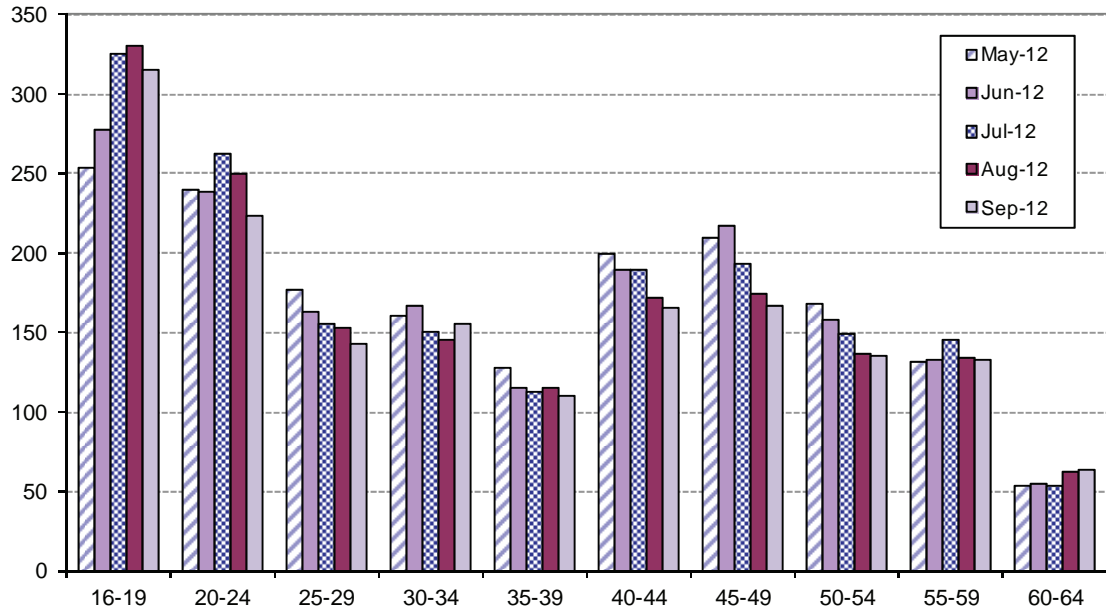
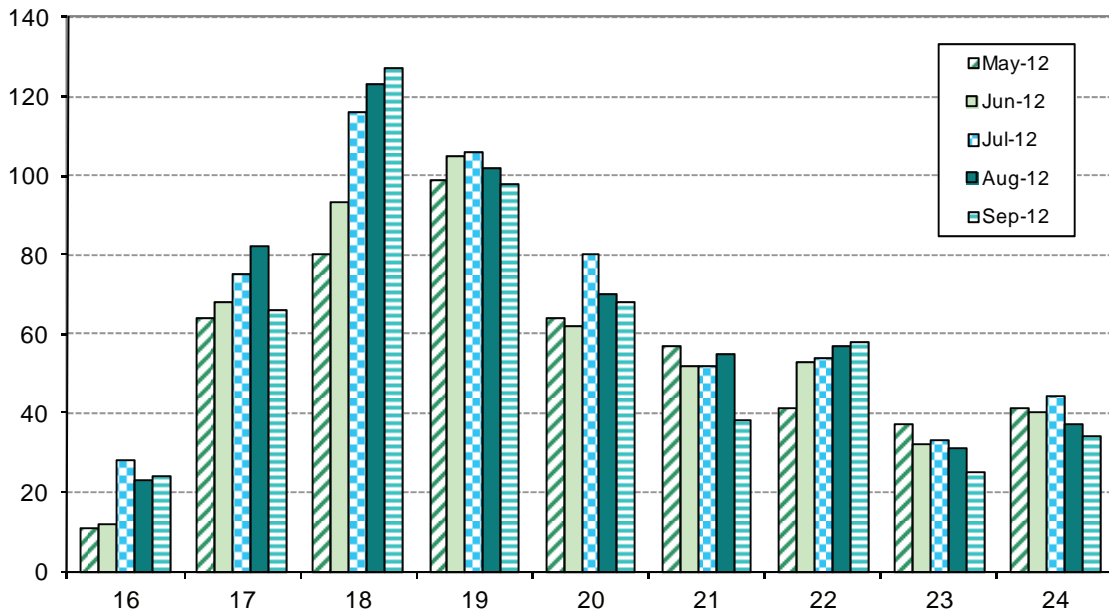


Figure 3 shows the age distribution for people under 25 years of age who were registered as ASW in the latest five months, from May 2012 to September 2012. As in previous recent months, the greatest numbers of people registered as ASW at the end of September 2012 was for ages 18-19 years⁵.

Of the 320 teenagers (aged 16-19 years) who were registered as ASW at the end of September 2012, 130 were on the Advance to Work scheme.

Figure 3 – Individuals under the age of 25 registered as ASW, May 2012 – Sept 2012

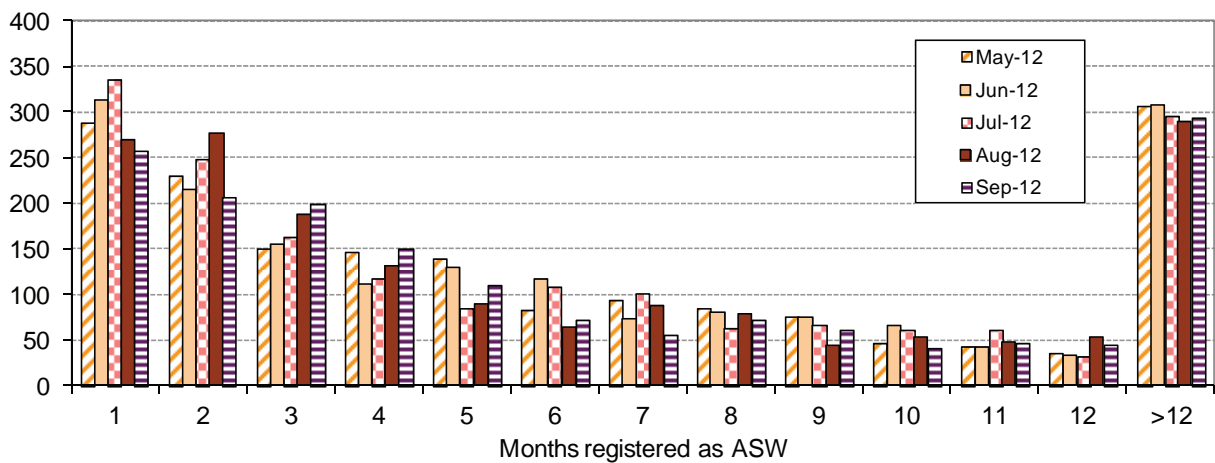


⁵ It should be acknowledged that a change to the Income Support criteria in September 2011 meant that individuals aged 16-18 who do not live in an Income Support household no longer receive the adult component of Income Support in their own right and as a result are not required to register as ASW.

Duration as ASW

Around two-fifths (41%) of all people registered as ASW on 30 September 2012 had been registered for three months or less – see Figure 4.

Figure 4 – Registered ASW by length of period registered (months)⁶, May 2012 – Sept 2012



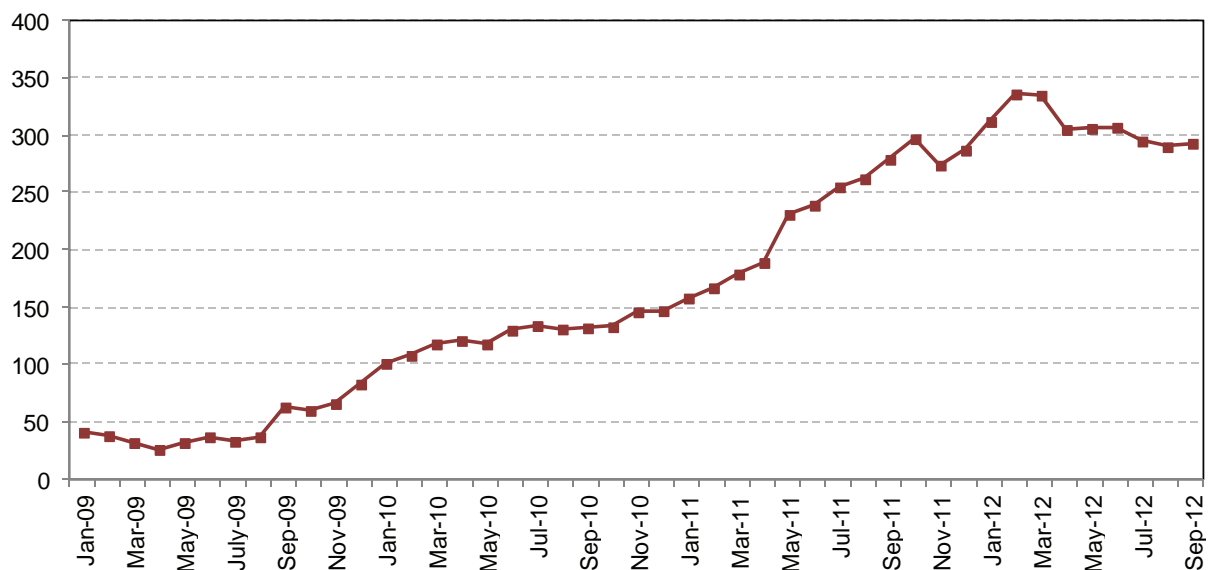
260 people had registered as ASW in the latest month, 10 fewer than in August 2012. The latest number of new registrants is about 30 greater than in the corresponding month of the previous year, September 2011, and 30 lower than in September 2010.

Long-term ASW

On 30 September 2012, there were 290 people who had been registered as ASW for more than twelve months. This latest number of long-term ASW is at the same level as that recorded in August 2012 and some 50 fewer than in February and March 2012 (see Figure 5).

Long-term ASW accounted for more than a sixth (18%) of the latest ASW total.

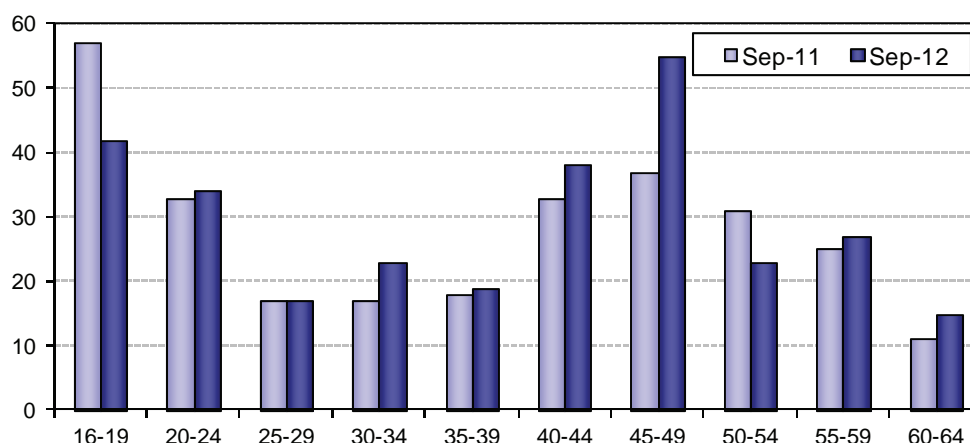
Figure 5 – Long-term ASW, Jan 2009 – Sept 2012



⁶ The ASW figures from June 2012 include a revision to the calculation of the length of time for which an individual has been registered as ASW. Previously, the duration had been calculated using the number of weeks an individual had been registered as ASW, whereas from June 2012 the calculation of duration is based on calendar months.

Figure 6 shows the age distribution of the long-term ASW in September 2012 and twelve months earlier, in September 2011.

Figure 6 – Long-term ASW by age, September 2011 and September 2012



People under 25 years of age accounted for around a quarter of the total number of long-term ASW in both September 2011 and September 2012; people aged 40 or above accounted for more than half of the total number of long-term ASW in September 2011 and September 2012.

The number of people aged under 25 who were long-term ASW decreased by 10 during the twelve months to September 2012; the number of people aged 40 or above who were long-term ASW increased by 20 during the same period.

Occupation and Industry

Individuals working in some occupations and industries of the economy, notably in the Finance sector, often seek employment through private agencies and do not register with the Social Security Department. Such occupations and industries will, therefore, tend to be under-represented in the ASW numbers.

The last industry of employment was recorded for almost nine out of ten people registered as ASW in September 2012:

- around one in five were previously employed in 'Retail and Wholesale, Motor repairs and sales' (21%) or in 'Miscellaneous professional and domestic services' (20%);
- about one in eight (13%) were previously employed in 'Construction and allied trades'.

From an occupation⁷ perspective:

- around a third (33%) had previously worked in 'Elementary Occupations';
- around one in six (16%) had previously worked in 'Administrative and Secretarial' occupations or in 'Skilled Trades' (15%) or 'Sales and Customer Service' occupations (15%).

⁷ Standard Occupational Classification SOC2000; see Note 2.

Notes

1. The Advance to Work scheme provides 16 to 19 year olds who have left school or college with a relevant work placement and training. Advance Plus provides over 19 year olds with a relevant work placement and training.

Workwise comprises of a team of advisors in the Social Security Department who help people with special employment needs, or having particular employment barriers, to prepare for and seek suitable work. Since October 2010, a system enabling more complete counting of individuals on Workwise placements has been implemented.

2. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC 2000):

Example occupations within each category:

Managers and Senior Officials

managers and senior offices in public and private sectors.

Professional

science professionals, civil engineers, pharmacists, veterinarians, teachers, lawyers, judges, chartered accountants, architects, social workers, librarians, clergy.

Associate Professional and Technical

science technicians, engineering technicians, nurses, dental technicians, physiotherapists, youth workers, police officers (sergeant and below), artists, actors, graphic designers, journalists, sport coaches, air traffic controllers.

Administrative and Secretarial

office clerks, secretaries, personal assistants, receptionists, book-keepers, telephonists.

Skilled Trades

farmers, gardeners, fishermen, mechanics, electricians, telecommunication engineer, computer engineer, bricklayers, plumbers, carpenters, plasterers, tailors, printers, butchers, bakers, chefs.

Personal Service

nursing auxiliaries and assistants, care assistants, home carers, animal care, leisure and travel assistants, travel agents, hairdressers, nursery nurses, childminders, education assistants, housekeepers.

Sales and Customer Service

sales assistants, retail cashiers, call centre agents, check out operators, customer care occupations, telephone sales person.

Process, Plant and Machine Operatives

plant and machine operatives, fork-lift truck drivers, taxi cab drivers, chauffeurs, bus drivers, van drivers, construction operatives.

Elementary Occupations

farm workers, labourer, packers, postal workers, messengers, couriers, hotel porters, kitchen and catering assistants, waiters, bar staff, domestic cleaners, security guards.

Appendix

Table A1: Number of individuals registered as ASW, Jan 2009 – Sept 2012⁸

		Male	Female	Total	Seasonally adjusted total
2009	Jan	570	270	840	790
	Feb	700	320	1,020	890
	Mar	720	330	1,050	1,000
	Apr	620	300	920	960
	May	560	300	870	970
	Jun	630	330	960	950
	Jul	620	320	940	940
	Aug	580	320	910	930
	Sep	580	330	910	960
	Oct	650	350	1,000	1,020
	Nov	700	390	1,090	1,090
	Dec	700	420	1,120	1,130
2010	Jan	770	440	1,200	1,150
	Feb	810	510	1,320	1,180
	Mar	720	450	1,170	1,130
	Apr	710	430	1,140	1,180
	May	670	390	1,060	1,150
	Jun	690	420	1,110	1,130
	Jul	760	490	1,240	1,250
	Aug	810	490	1,290	1,300
	Sep	770	460	1,230	1,280
	Oct	840	450	1,290	1,300
	Nov	870	440	1,310	1,290
	Dec	800	410	1,210	1,250

		Male	Female	Total	Seasonally adjusted total
2011	Jan	910	480	1,390	1,330
	Feb	960	510	1,470	1,320
	Mar	850	460	1,310	1,290
	Apr	870	490	1,350	1,390
	May	820	520	1,340	1,430
	Jun	780	500	1,280	1,340
	Jul	800	550	1,350	1,360
	Aug	820	530	1,350	1,360
	Sep	850	520	1,370	1,410
	Oct	920	570	1,500	1,500
	Nov	960	580	1,530	1,510
	Dec	960	580	1,540	1,570
2012	Jan	1,050	650	1,700	1,620
	Feb	1,130	690	1,820	1,670
	Mar	1,100	700	1,810	1,760
	Apr	1,060	680	1,740	1,760
	May	1,040	680	1,720	1,800
	Jun	1,020	700	1,720	1,760
	Jul	1,020	720	1,740	1,750
	Aug	1,020	650	1,670	1,710
	Sep	970	650	1,610	1,680

⁸ Numbers are rounded independently to the nearest 10; hence components may not sum to totals.