tothon suprission

La Collette Reclamation Site – Construction, Demolition and Excavation Waste Processing

Working Plan

#### **Contents**

| itents |  |            |
|--------|--|------------|
|        | WP 0 Site incident plan and contacts                               | 3          |
|        | 0.1 Key site information   | 3          |
|        | 0.2 Emergency contact details                                      | 3          |
|        | 0.3 Site operator contact details – AAL Recycling Ltd              | 3          |
|        |  | 4          |
|        | 0.4 Transport and Technical Services contacts                      | -          |
|        | 0.5 Incident Procedures  | 4          |
|        | WP 1 Introduction  | 6          |
|        | 1.1 Site background  | 6          |
|        | 1.2 Purpose of Working Plan  | 6          |
|        | WP 2 Control of licensed operations                                | 7          |
|        | 2.1 Hours of operation   | 7          |
|        | 2.2 Notice board   | 7          |
|        | 2.3 Facility Staffing  | 7          |
|        | 2.4 Waste operations   | 9          |
|        | 2.5 Waste types and quantities                                     | 9          |
|        | 2.6 Fully recovered  | 11         |
|        | 2.7 Hazardous waste  | 11         |
|        | 2.8 Excluded wastes  | 11         |
|        | WP 3 Waste containment   | 12         |
|        | 3.1 General  | 12         |
|        | 3.2 Site surfacing   | 12         |
|        |  | 12         |
|        | 3.3 Drainage   | 12         |
|        | 3.4 Bunded containment   | 14         |
|        | 3.5 Waste containment maintenance schedule                         |            |
|        | 3.6 Site layout  | 15         |
|        | 3.7 La Collette weightridge  | 15         |
|        | 3.8 Waste inspection zone  | 15         |
|        | 3.9 Waste processing zones   | 15         |
|        | 3.10Waste infiling zone  | 16         |
|        | 3.11 Recovered materials storage zones                             | 16         |
|        | WP4 Site operations  | 17         |
|        | 4.1 Statting and management  | 17         |
| •      | 42 Incident management and health & safety                         | 18         |
|        | 4.3 TTS waste acceptance procedures                                | 18         |
|        | 4.4 Waste acceptance procedures AAL                                | 19         |
|        | 4.5 Non-conforming wastes – reception facility and inspection zone | 20         |
|        | 4.6 Waste containing suspected chemical contamination              | 20         |
|        | 4.7 Quarantine procedures  | 20         |
|        | 4.8 Tipping – Designated Waste Infill zone                         | 21         |
|        | 4.9 General  | 21         |
|        | 4.10Materials dispatch   | 21         |
|        | WP 5 Environmental management                                      | 23         |
|        | 5.1 General  | 23         |
|        | 5.2 Drainage system  | 23         |
|        | 5.3 Breakdowns and spillages                                       | 23         |
|        | 5.4 Site inspection and maintenance                                | 23         |
|        | WP 6 Amenity management and monitoring                             | 24         |
|        | the standing management and monitoring                             | <b>_</b> T |

| <ul> <li>6.1 Control of mud and debris</li> <li>6.2 Control and monitoring of dust</li> <li>6.3 Litter control</li> <li>6.4 Control of pests, birds and other scavengers (PBS)</li> <li>6.5 Control and monitoring of noise and vibration</li> <li>6.6 Odour control</li> <li>6.7 Control of fire</li> <li>6.8 Control of security</li> </ul>   | 24<br>24<br>25<br>25<br>25<br>26<br>26<br>26   |
|---|--|
| Table 2.1 – Competent Persons<br>Table 2.2 – CDEW Recycling Waste Operations<br>Table 2.3 – Waste types and quantities<br>Table 3.1 – Liquid / fluids containment inspection regime<br>Table 3.2 – Liquid / fluids containment inspection regime<br>Table 3.3 – Waste containment maintenance schedule<br>Table 3.4 – Waste containment maintenance schedule<br>Table 4.1 – Site staff roles and responsibilities | 7<br>9<br>10<br>13<br>13<br>14<br>14<br>17   |
|   | <ul> <li>6.2 Control and monitoring of dust</li> <li>6.3 Litter control</li> <li>6.4 Control of pests, birds and other scavengers (PBS)</li> <li>6.5 Control and monitoring of noise and vibration</li> <li>6.6 Odour control</li> <li>6.7 Control of fire</li> <li>6.8 Control of security</li> </ul> Table 2.1 – Competent Persons Table 2.2 – CDEW Recycling Waste Operations Table 2.3 – Waste types and quantities Table 3.1 – Liquid / fluids containment inspection regime Table 3.2 – Liquid / fluids containment inspection regime Table 3.4 – Waste containment maintenance schedule |

#### **Appendices**

**Tables** 

| Appendix A | Risk assessment                           |  |
|------------|---|--|
|            | Site Inspection Form                      |  |
| Appendix 🗇 | Site salety rules –                       |  |
| Appendix 🖸 | Current Site Plan                         |  |
| Appendix E | La Collette Reclamation Site Overall Plan |  |
| Appendix F | AAL Waste Recovery Protocol               |  |
| <u> </u>   |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |
|            |   |  |

# WP 0 Site incident plan and contacts

#### 0.1

| Key | site | inform | nation |
|-----|------|--------|--------|
|     |      |        |        |

| Key Information                 | Response   |  |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Name of Site                    | La Collette Reclamation Site – CDEW Recycling  |  |
| Type of Site                    | Aggregate and Soils Recycling from Construction and Demolition Wastes  |  |
| Address                         | La Collette Reclamation Site<br>St Helier<br>JE2 3NX   |  |
| Telephone                       | 01534 448351   |  |
| Site                            | Reference to 'site' or 'CDEW Recycling site' in this working<br>plan means the site defined by the current version of<br>drawing in Appendix D.  |  |
| Waste Infill Zone               | Reference to 'Waste Infill Zone' in this working plan means<br>the area formerly referred to as the 'Tipping Head' as<br>defined by the current version of drawing in Appendix D.  |  |
| La Collette Reclamation<br>Site | Reference to 'La Collette Reclamation site' in this working<br>plan means the site defined by the current version of<br>drawing in Appendix E.   |  |
| Directions                      | The site is only accessible by road from La Route du<br>Veule. La Route du Veule is accessible via South Hill from<br>the A16 or A4. Access to the La Collette Reclamation site<br>is from La Route du Veule via private road. The private<br>road also leads to the EfW facility. |  |
| Water                           | Mains water available.   |  |
|                                 | 1x hydrant out main La Collette Reclamation Gate.  |  |
|                                 | 1x mains takeoff in green waste office compound.   |  |
| Date of Plan                    | March 2012   |  |
| Review Date                     | February 2013  |  |
| Approved by                     | [insert when approved]   |  |
| Date                            | [insert when approved]   |  |

#### 0.2 Emergency contact details

| Contact                         | Telephone Contact Details    |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Emergency Services              | 999 or 112                   |
| Local Police (Non<br>Emergency) | Jersey Police - 01534 612612 |
| Department of the Environment   | 01534 445508                 |
| Pollution Hotline               | 01534 709535                 |

0.3

#### Site operator contact details – AAL Recycling Ltd

| Contact                | Telephone Contact Details                          |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Office Hours           | [contact details removed for consultation]         |  |
| Monday – Friday        |  |  |
| 7:30am - 4.15pm        |  |  |
| Saturday 7:30am - 12pm |  |  |
| Out of Hours           | Emergency Contact: Tel: [removed for consultation] |  |

| Transport and Technical Services contacts |                                      |  |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Contact                                   | Telephone Contact Details            |  |
| Office Hours                              | Transport and Technical Services     |  |
| Monday – Thursday                         | Tel: 01534 445509                    |  |
| 7:30am - 4.15pm                           |                                      |  |
| Friday                                    |                                      |  |
| 7:30am - 12pm                             |                                      |  |
| Out of Hours                              | Emergency Contact: Tel: 01534 725351 |  |

#### 0.4 Transport and Technical Services contacts

#### 0.5 Incident Procedures

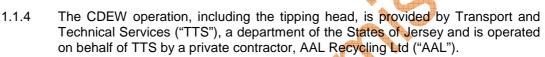
| .5      | incluent Procedures |   | <b>₩</b> ₩   |
|---------|---------------------|---|--|
|         | Incident Type       | Likely Consequences   | Action Required  |
| <i></i> |                     | Likely Consequences<br>Contamination of the<br>Facility Surface<br>Contamination of<br>surface water run off<br>Contamination of<br>Waste | <ul> <li>Action Required</li> <li>Cease refuelling and return pump nozzle to drip tray.</li> <li>Using a spill kit carried with mobile fuel bowser, use granules, matting and socks to soak up the spillage. Work from the outside of the spillage inwards.</li> <li>DO NOT wash away spill kit materials with water or detergent.</li> <li>Once spillage is absorbed</li> </ul> |
|         |                     |   | <ul> <li>remove spent granules, matting or socks to a sealed container (such as a blue clamp top plastic drum).</li> <li>Where waste has been contaminated this shall be isolated and removed to a sealed container (such as a blue clamp top plastic drum).</li> <li>Where spillage has taken place on an unsealed surface (dirt,</li> </ul>                                    |
| ç       |                     |   | <ul> <li>hardcore etc.) any contaminated surfacing material should also be removed.</li> <li>Any spent spill kit contents and any contaminated site surfacing/materials shall be removed to a suitable sealed container.</li> <li>Make arrangements for the correct disposal of the spent</li> </ul>   |
|         |                     |   | <ul> <li>absorbent materials and/or the contaminated waste.</li> <li>Make arrangements to restock spill kit and absorbent materials.</li> <li>If surfacing has been removed, repair surfacing.</li> <li>Record incident in Site Diary.</li> </ul>  |

| Incident Type        | Likely Consequences    | Action Required  |
|----------------------|------------------------|--|
| Release of           | Contamination of the   | <ul> <li>Block off drainage system.</li> </ul>         |
| Lubricating or       | Facility Surface.      | <ul> <li>Using the on-site spill kit, use</li> </ul>   |
| Hydraulic Oil during |                        | granules and matting from the                          |
| Plant Maintenance or | Contamination of the   | appropriate spill kit to soak up the                   |
| Plant Breakdown      | normal run off.        | spillage. Work from the outside o                      |
| (skip loader, mobile |                        |  |
| plant).              | Contamination of       | the spillage inwards.                                  |
|                      | Waste                  | <ul> <li>DO NOT wash away with wate</li> </ul>         |
|                      |                        | or detergent.  |
| Spillage of Wastes   |                        | <ul> <li>Once spillage is absorbed</li> </ul>          |
| (oils, lead acid,    |                        | remove granules, matting, etc. t                       |
| chemicals etc)       |                        | a sealed container.                                    |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>For lead acid spills use lead acid</li> </ul> |
|                      |                        | -  |
|                      |                        | battery spill kit.                                     |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>For chemical spills use chemical</li> </ul>   |
|                      |                        | spill kit.   |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Where other waste has bee</li> </ul>          |
|                      |                        | contaminated by the spill thi                          |
|                      |                        | shall be isolated and removed t                        |
|                      |                        | a sealed container.                                    |
|                      |                        |  |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Where spillage has taken plac</li> </ul>      |
|                      |                        | on an unsealed surface (dir                            |
|                      |                        | hardcore etc.) any contaminate                         |
|                      |                        | surfacing material should also b                       |
|                      |                        | removed.   |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Make arrangements for th</li> </ul>           |
|                      |                        | correct disposal of the sper                           |
|                      |                        |  |
|                      |                        | absorbent materials and/or th                          |
|                      |                        | contaminated wastes.                                   |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Make arrangements to restoc</li> </ul>        |
|                      |                        | absorbent materials.                                   |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>If surfacing has been removed</li> </ul>      |
|                      |                        | repair surfacing.                                      |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Record incident in Site Diary.</li> </ul>     |
| Fire                 | Atmoontradie Delle die |  |
| Fire                 | Atmospheric Pollution. |  |
|                      | Engineering Damage.    | attendance by the Fire Brigade                         |
|                      | Polluted Fire Water    | call them immediately. Use th                          |
|                      | run-off from Facility. | address data in this section.                          |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Contact the Department of the</li> </ul>      |
|                      |                        | Environment  |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Refer to Section 6.7</li> </ul>               |
|                      |                        |  |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>If safe to do so, isolate fire.</li> </ul>    |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>If safe to do so, fight fire using</li> </ul> |
|                      |                        | on-site fire fighting equipment.                       |
|                      |                        | <ul> <li>Where possible trap fire fightin</li> </ul>   |
|                      |                        | water and allow for recirculatio                       |
|                      |                        | of water and minimis                                   |
|                      |                        |  |
|                      |                        | contaminated run-off.                                  |

### WP 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Site background

- 1.1.1 La Collette Construction, Demolition and Excavation Waste (the "CDEW") recycling operation is located within the main La Collette Reclamation facility. The CDEW operation is principally designed to provide a recycling facility to recover soils and aggregates from construction and demolition wastes but also receives other smaller quantities of incidental wastes such as wood, glass and metals.
- 1.1.2 Waste that is not suitable for recovery and that does not meet the agreed acceptance criteria is currently directed to a La Collette Reclamation "tipping head" operation which comprises infilling with inert unrecoverable wastes behind a sea wall.
- 1.1.3 The operation address is:
  - La Collette Reclamation Site
     St Helier
     JE2 3NX



- 1.1.5 The feedstock for the operation is principally generated by the activities of commercial building, demolition and excavation contractors working on the Island as well as hauliers tasked with the movement and management of such materials on behalf of waste producers.
- 1.1.6 There are several Waste Management Licenses authorising the waste management operations at La Collette, including this one for aggregate recycling.
- 1.1.7 Waste Management Licenses for La Collette Reclamation site operations will be held by TTS.

#### 1.2 Purpose of Working Plan

- 1.2.1 This Working Plan ("WP") sets out how the Operator, AAL, will meet the conditions of the WML issued by the Department of the Environment that permits specific waste operations to be undertaken.
- 1.2.2 This Working Plan describes how those operations are undertaken including the control measures to be employed. The combination of the WML and the WP are designed to sufficiently control the receipt, storage and treatment of waste in a manner so as not to:
  - Cause pollution of the environment;
  - > Cause harm to human health; or
  - Cause serious detriment to the amenity of the locality.
  - The operational practices and mitigation measures described in this WP are based on a risk assessment for the licensed operations. The risk assessment is contained within Appendix A.
- 1.2.4 The WP does not include details on the management of Health & Safety for members of staff nor users, as this is outside of the remit of the WML system. TTS La Collette Reclamation site rules are, however, included in Appendix C for reference.
- 1.2.5 This WP states the waste operations that are relevant and also list the wastes types to be accepted and submitted to those operations. The relevant waste operations and waste types are detailed in Section WP 2 below.

.2.3

### WP 2 Control of licensed operations

#### 2.1 Hours of operation

2.1.1 The CDEW operation is open to users to deposit wastes at the following times:

| Monday to Friday | 07:30 – 16:15hrs |
|------------------|------------------|
| Saturdays        | 07.30 – 12:00hrs |

2.1.2 The site operator is permitted to process received wastes and dispatch materials between the following times:

Monday to Saturday 07:00 – 19.00hrs

Exceptional circumstances may require work to be permitted outside the above operational hours. However, these occurrences must be limited to activities which do not generate high noise and/or dust emissions.

2.1.3 The site is not open to the public on public or bank holidays.

#### 2.2 Notice board

- 2.2.1 TTS will provide and maintain a notice board, easily readable in daylight and night time hours from outside La Collette Reclamation entrance gate (outside of weighbridge station), which will display the following information:
  - > Site name and address;
  - > Waste Management Licence Number and holder name;
  - > Emergency contact name and telephone number of licence holder;
  - > A statement that the site is licensed by the Department of the Environment; and
  - > The days and hours during which the site is open to receive waste and when that waste can be treated or handled.
- 2.2.2 AAL will erect a supplementary notice board at the entrance to its Reception and Inspection zone that will contain specific supplementary information that relates to the operation of the CDEW Recycling operation.

#### 2.3 Facility Staffing

2.3.1 The WML requires that the Operator shall manage and operate the site using sufficient competent persons and resources. Table 2.1 lists the site personnel and details their respective roles and responsibilities.

| Table 2.1 – Competent Persons |   |  |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Position                      | Role and Responsibility   |  |
| CDEW Site Manager             | <ul> <li>Overall responsibility to manage the site<br/>in compliance with the Contract, WML and<br/>WP.</li> </ul>  |  |
|                               | <ul> <li>To ensure that the reporting information<br/>required by the WML is correctly<br/>completed and passed to TTS for it to<br/>submit to the Department of the<br/>Environment</li> </ul> |  |
|                               | <ul> <li>To manage a response for any incoming<br/>loads that upon tipping have been</li> </ul>   |  |

| Position             | Role and Responsibility   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
|                      | identified as containing physical or<br>chemical contaminants that could<br>adversely affect the recycling effort or<br>other site operations   |  |  |  |  |
|                      | <ul> <li>To ensure that all site staff are fully<br/>conversant with the content of and<br/>rationale for the WML and this WP</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | To maintain the facility Site Diary   |  |  |  |  |
| CDEW Site Foreman    | To manage the site 'on the ground'  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | <ul> <li>To manage a response for any incoming<br/>loads that upon tipping have been<br/>identified as containing physical or<br/>chemical contaminants that could<br/>adversely affect the recycling effort or<br/>other site operations</li> </ul>                      |  |  |  |  |
|                      | <ul> <li>To ensure that all site staff are fully<br/>conversant with the content of and<br/>rationale for the WML and this WP</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | To undertake facility inspections   |  |  |  |  |
| CDEW Site Operatives | <ul> <li>To inspect incoming loads before and<br/>upon tipping for compliance with the WML<br/>and WP</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | <ul> <li>To inspect incoming loads upon tipping<br/>for the presence of potential physical or<br/>chemical contaminants that could<br/>adversely affect the recycling effort. The<br/>inspection is to involve visual and<br/>olfactory (smelling) checks only</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |
|                      | <ul> <li>To sort and segregate waste and<br/>undertake site cleaning / housekeeping</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |
|                      | <ul> <li>To report to the Site Foreman or Site<br/>Manager any issues that could lead to<br/>pollution, harm to human health or<br/>nuisance to the site</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |

Assessment of technical competence and the ongoing maintenance of technical competence are to be managed through the employment specification for each role and the selection of employees against that specification. Formal training during employment is designed to maintain competence during employment and to correct any deficiencies or gaps in competence.

- 2.3.3 Technical competence in relation to the undertaking of waste management operations is specifically designed to enable those undertaking those operations to do so without:
  - > Causing pollution of the environment;
  - > Causing harm to human health; or
  - > Causing serious detriment to the amenity of the locality.

.3.2

AAL will maintain records of training undertaken by its site personnel and the details of that training. AAL will make these records available for inspection by authorised officers of TTS and the Department of the Environment.

- 2.3.4 The list shall be updated each time there is a permanent change of facility staff.
- 2.3.5 All staff will be required to sign in every day and sign out at the end of the working day using a Staff Log to be held within the onsite AAL administration office.

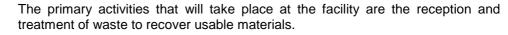
#### 2.4 Waste operations

- 2.4.1 The WML for La Collette Reclamation facility permits a wide range of waste operations to be undertaken and also the receipt of a wide range of wastes. Not all operations and wastes listed in the WML are relevant or applicable to the CDEW recycling operation.
- 2.4.2 Specifically for this part of the wider La Collette Reclamation site operations, the operations permitted to be undertaken are those listed within Table 2.2 below.

| Table 2.2 – CDEW Recycling Waste Operations |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | scription of activities (Recovery and posal activities)   | Limits of activities   |  |  |  |
| 1.  | Storage pending any disposal operation  | Treatment consisting only of<br>manual sorting, separation,  |  |  |  |
| 2.  | Storage of wastes pending any of the recovery operations  | screening, balling, shredding,<br>crushing or compaction of waste<br>into different components for |  |  |  |
| 3.  | Repackaging / reloading of waste prior to submission to any disposal operations   | disposal or recovery   |  |  |  |
| 4.  | Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere<br>which results in final compounds or mixtures which<br>are disposed of by means of a disposal operation. |  |  |  |  |
| 5.  | Recycling/reclamation of soils  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.  | Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds   |  |  |  |  |
| 7.  | Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials  |  |  |  |  |

#### 2.5 Waste types and quantities

2.5.1 The WML for La Collette Reclamation facility permits a wide range of wastes to be accepted. Not all wastes listed in the WML are relevant or applicable to the CDEW recycling operation.



- 2.5.3 Specifically for this part of the wider La Collette Reclamation site operations, the wastes to be accepted are those listed within Table 2.3
- 2.5.4 The CDEW recycling operation will not accept wastes with hazardous properties nor will it accept readily biodegradable waste, other than soil with turf. The organic fraction will be screened out and taken to the Green Waste reception for composting.
- 2.5.5 No waste will be burned on site.

2.5.2

|   | Table 2.3            | <ul> <li>Waste types and quantities</li> </ul>   |
|---|----------------------|--|
|   |                      | Quantities   |
|   | Maximum ann          | ual input quantities are those specified in the WML  |
|   | Exclusior            | IS   |
|   |                      | any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:  |
|   |                      | s that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid; and   |
|   |                      | consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres with the exception of gypsum based<br>action materials waste (plasterboard).   |
|   | Waste                | Description  |
|   | Code                 |  |
|   |                      | WASTES RESULTING FROM EXPLORATION, MINING, QUARRYING, AND PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF MINERALS  |
|   | 04.04                | Wastes from physical and chemical processing of non-metalliferous mineral  |
|   | 01 04                | Waste gravel and crushed rocks   |
|   | 01 04 08             | Waste sand and clays   |
|   | 01 04 09             | Wastes from potash and rock salt processing  |
|   | 01 04 11             |  |
|   | 01 04 12             | Tailings and other wastes from washing and cleaning of minerals  |
|   | 01 04 13             | Wastes from stone cutting and sawing   |
|   | 02                   | WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING<br>AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING  |
|   | 02 01                | Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing  |
|   |                      | Pant-tissue waste  |
|   | 02 01 03             | Wastes from forestry   |
|   | 02 01 07             | Waste metal  |
|   | 02 01 10             | Wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing   |
|   | 02 03                | Vasies non-nuit, vegetables, cerears, eulide ons, cocca, conee, lea and tobacco preparation and processing<br>conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation<br>Materials unsuitable for consumption or processing |
|   | 02 03 04             | inaterials unsultable for consumption of processing  |
|   |                      |  |
|   | 10                   | WASTES FROM THERMAL PROCESSES  |
|   | 10 01                | Wastes from power stations and other combustion plants (except 19)   |
|   | 10 01 01             | Bottom ash, slag and boiler dust (excluding boiler dust mentioned in 10 01 04  |
|   | 10 01 05             | Calcium-based reaction wastes from flue-gas desulphurisation in solid form   |
|   |                      | Bottom ash, slag and boiler dust from co-incineration other than those mentioned in 10 01 14   |
|   | 10 01 15             |  |
|   | 10 01 19             | Wastes from gas cleaning other than those mentioned in 10 01 05, 10 01 07 and 10 01 1  |
|   | 10 01 24             | Sands from fluidised bed<br>CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED   |
| A | 17                   | SITES)   |
|   | 17 01                | Concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics   |
| C | 17 01 01             | Concrete   |
|   | 17 01 02             | Bricks   |
|   | 17 01 03             | Tiles and ceramics   |
|   | 17 01 07             | Mixtures of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics other than those mentioned in 17 01 06  |
|   | 17 02                | Wood, glass and plastic  |
|   | 17 02 01             | Wood   |
|   | 17 02 02<br>17 03    | Glass Bituminous mixtures, coal tar and tarred products  |
|   | 17 03 02             | Bituminous mixtures other than those mentioned in 17 03 01   |
|   | 17 04                | Metals (including their alloys)  |
|   | 17 04 01             | Copper, bronze, brass  |
|   | 17 04 02             | Aluminium  |
|   | 17 04 03             | Lead   |
|   | 17 04 04             | Zinc   |
|   | 17 04 05<br>17 04 06 | Iron and steel Tin   |
|   | 17 04 06             | Mixed metals   |
|   | 17 05                | Soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil   |
|   |                      |  |
|   | 17 05 04             | Soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03   |
|   | 17 05 04<br>17 08    | Gypsum-based construction material   |

|            | WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES,<br>AND PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUI                   |   |
|------------|---|---|
| 19 01      | Wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste  |   |
| 19 01 02   | Eerrous materials removed from bottom ash   |   |
| 19 01 12   | Bottom ash and slag other than those mentioned in 19 0  | 1 11  |
| 19 12      | Wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for exa pelletising) not otherwise specified             |   |
| 19 12 05   | Glass   |   |
| 19 12 09   | Minerals (for example sand, stones)   |   |
| 19 13      | Wastes from soil and groundwater remediation  |   |
| 19 13 02   | Solid wastes from soil remediation other than those men   | tioned in 19 13 01  |
| 20         | MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIN<br>INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY                 |   |
| 20 01      | Separately collected fractions (except 15 01)   |   |
| 20 01 01   | Paper and cardboard   | The second se |
| 20 01 02   | Glass   |   |
| 20 01 40   | Metals  | + ( ) *   |
| 20 01 41   | Wastes from chimney sweeping  |   |
| 20 02      | Garden and park waste (including cemetery wastes)   |   |
| 20 02 02   | Soil and stones   |   |
| 20 02 03   | Other non-biodegradable wastes  |   |
| 20 03      | Other municipal wastes  |   |
| 20 03 03   | Street-cleaning residues  |   |
|            | ·   |   |
| Notes: Tab | ole Explanation   |   |
| 03         | WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE<br>PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE,<br>PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD | <ul> <li>Waste Code Chapter Heading only. Is not a<br/>specific waste.</li> </ul>                               |
|            |   | = Waste Code Sub Chapter Heading only. Is not   |
| 03 01      | Wastes from wood processing and the production of<br>panels and furniture                               | a specific waste.   |

The waste codes above are based on those listed in United Kingdom Legislation: The List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005. UK Environment Agency guidance on the use of these codes can be found on http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/static/documents/Business/low\_guide\_v1.2\_1397222.pdf

#### 2.6 Fully recovered

2.6.1 The principle aim of the operation is to receive and recover CDEW wastes so that they can be used instead of virgin materials. AAL has established a formal procedure to demonstrate the point at which waste materials are considered to be fully recovered and thus no longer classified as waste. This local protocol is based on waste protocols established in the UK. The AAL Protocol is to be contained within Appendix F.

### 2.7 Hazardous waste

2.7.1

2.7.2

No hazardous waste will be knowingly accepted at the CDEW recycling facility.

Notwithstanding the condition at 2.7.1, should hazardous waste be discovered in incoming loads the quarantine procedures set out in Section 4.7 will be implemented.

#### 2.8 Excluded wastes

2.8.1 The following waste types will not be accepted at the site:

- > Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid; and
- > Waste consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres with the exception of gypsum-based construction materials (plasterboard).

### WP 3 Waste containment

#### 3.1 General

- 3.1.1 The primary mitigation measure to prevent pollution of the environment is one of restricting the types of waste that are accepted for recycling.
- 3.1.2 The secondary mitigation measure is to create a suitable working area for the operations proportionate to the risks posed by the wastes accepted. This is to minimise the possibility that received wastes will pollute the environment by creating a barrier. For the CDEW recycling operation, this is achieved by creating a hard aggregate-based working surface so that this surface does not degenerate due to wet weather, thereby avoiding the mixing of the surfacing material itself with wastes stored and processed on that surface.
- 3.1.3 The tertiary mitigation measures are those that are operational-based and that involve undertaking operations in a certain way within an environment of defined control systems, such as the rejection of unacceptable waste streams, non-conforming waste measures and incident response measures.

#### 3.2 Site surfacing

- 3.2.1 All operational areas of the site will be engineered with a working surface that can bear the weight and action of mobile plant used for the movement and processing of accepted wastes. The land drainage for the site is described in Paragraph 3.3.1 below.
- 3.2.2 The layout of the CDEW recycling site is provided in Appendix D.

#### 3.3 Drainage

- 3.3.1 The general arrangements and features of the site drainage for La Collette Reclamation site as a whole are shown in Appendix E.
- 3.3.2 The CDEW recycling area of the La Collette Reclamation site does not have a formal drainage system. Run-off from rainfall will drain through the site surfacing though the environmental conditions experienced at La Collette mean that rainfall is quite low generally and evaporation rates are quite high, which results in the site drying out quickly.

#### 3.4 Bunded containment

3.4.2

3.4.3

- 3.4.1 Liquid wastes, such as waste oils, are not permitted to be accepted at the CDEW facility. However the operations require the use and the storage of non-waste liquids such as fuel oils and hydraulic oils.
  - All tanks used to store liquids that are potentially polluting will be integrally or separately bunded and that bund will enclose a volume that is equal to, or greater than, 110% of the tank volume.
  - Dispensing units attached to tanks will also be managed so that drips and spills are contained within the bund or in a separate catch tank.
- 3.4.4 All hoses and pump handles will be stored within bunded areas when not in use.
- 3.4.5 All tank valves and pump handles will be securely locked when not in use to prevent unauthorised access.
- 3.4.6 In lieu of specific Jersey guidance the information provided in United Kingdom Environment Agency Pollution Prevention Guide PP2 will be used as guidance in relation to the storage of potentially polluting liquids in tanks. (http://publications.environment-agency.gov.uk/PDF/PMHO0811BUCR-E-E.pdf)
- 3.4.7 Potentially polluting fluids stored in drums and IBCs will be stored in enclosed lockable units, such as a shipping container, fitted with internal leak proof sumps

or absorbent matting and/or drip trays. In lieu of specific Jersey guidance for the safe storage of fluids in drums and IBCs, the guidance provided in Environment Agency Pollution Prevention Guide PPG23 will be followed (http://publications.environment-agency.gov.uk/PDF/PMHO0511BTPG-E-E.pdf).

- 3.4.8 Non-bulk potentially polluting liquids, such as those required for plant servicing and maintenance will be stored in an enclosed lockable container (i.e. a shipping container).
- 3.4.9 All potentially polluting liquids will be stored in the site's maintenance area and, where practically possible, dispensing of these fluids will only take place in this area. Where fluids are required to be dispensed in other areas of the site, these fluids will be transported in appropriate containers and accompanied by a suitable spillage kit.
- 3.4.10 All bunds, drip trays and containment bunds will be inspected at the intervals specified in Table 3.1.

| Table 3.1 – Liquid / fluids containment inspection regime               |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Action  | Frequency                                      |  |  |  |
| Routine visual inspection of bunds and other liquid containment systems | Daily  |  |  |  |
| Visual inspection of suspected damage or spillage incident              | As soon practicable after suspicion is raised. |  |  |  |

3.4.11 Where damage is identified or liquid is identified in bunds the action to be taken is specified in Table 3.2. Table 3.3

|   | Table 3.2 – Liquid / fluids containment inspection regime    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | Level of damage or degradation                               | Repair or action   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Bund contains liquid –<br>from rainwater                     | Arrange for liquid to be pumped out and disposed of at an appropriate facility within 1 week of identification   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Bund contains liquid –<br>same substance as tank<br>contents | Compare filling and dispensing records to see if any tank liquid is unaccounted for.   |  |  |  |  |  |
| G | contents   | Check level in bund, is this level increasing in height? Is the tank level decreasing?   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  | If it appears that the tank is leaking into the<br>bund, lock tank and arrange for the contents<br>to be transferred to another tank by the end<br>of the working day, or, where necessary<br>(given the time of day the discovery of the<br>leak took place), as soon as possible and<br>before the end of the following working day. |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  | Examine tank and then repair or replace as required.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  | If the tank is not leaking into the bund check<br>dispensing equipment for leaks and/or<br>misuse. Where dispensing equipment is<br>found to be leaking, lock tank and take<br>dispensing unit out of service and repair   |  |  |  |  |  |

| Table 3.2 – Liquid / fluids            | containment inspection regime   |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|
| Level of damage or degradation         | Repair or action  |  |  |
|  | within 1 week.  |  |  |
| Valve of pump handle does not shut off | Lock tank to isolate dispensing system.<br>Arrange for dispensing equipment to be<br>repaired or replaced as necessary within 1<br>week.  |  |  |
| Damaged hose                           | Where hose is partially damaged but not<br>leaking, the hose should be taken out of<br>service and then a temporary repair should<br>be made using a hose repair kit by the end of<br>the working day. A permanent repair should<br>be completed within 1 week. |  |  |
|  | Where hose is leaking, the tank should be<br>locked to isolate contents from the hose. The<br>hose should be placed in a container<br>sufficient to capture the contents of the hose.   |  |  |
|  | The hose should be repaired or replaced as appropriate within 1 week.   |  |  |

#### 3.5 Waste containment maintenance schedule

- Maintenance is required to continue the performance of the secondary 3.5.1 containment system.
- 3.5.2 The specific details of the containment system and the maintenance is described in the Table 3.3

| Table 3.3 – Waste containment maintenance schedule                  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Action  | Frequency                                      |  |  |  |
| Routine visual inspection of engineered containment (surfacing etc) | Daily  |  |  |  |
| Visual inspection of suspected damage                               | As soon practicable after suspicion is raised. |  |  |  |

where damage or degradation is discovered by means of visual inspection, repairs will be carried out in accordance the timescale outlined in Table 3.4

| Table 3.4 – Waste containment maintenance schedule   |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Level of damage or degradation   | Repair within   |  |  |  |  |
| Damage or degradation identified but not considered likely to affect the protection afforded by engineered containment system.   | One month   |  |  |  |  |
| Damage or degradation identified considered<br>likely to affect the protection afforded by the<br>engineered containment system. | A temporary repair and<br>area to be cordoned off by<br>the end of the working day<br>following identification.<br>Permanent repair within 7<br>working days. |  |  |  |  |

3.5.3

#### 3.6 Site layout

- 3.6.1 The site layout is shown in Appendix D
- 3.6.2 The site is split into four core zones:
  - > Waste inspection
  - > Waste processing
  - > Waste infilling
  - > Storage of recovered secondary aggregates awaiting dispatch

#### 3.7 La Collette weighbridge

- 3.7.1 All wastes entering the CDEW Recycling site are required first to pass through the main La Collette reclamation site weighbridge facility operated by TTS.
- 3.7.2 Each load is booked in at the 'IN' weighbridge by the TTS weighbridge operator. The load will be categorised by the weighbridge operator in accordance with the classifications detailed at 4.3 below and called through via radio to the designated AAL inspection zone operative.

#### 3.8 Waste inspection zone

3.8.1 The CDEW recycling operation has a separate and clearly defined inspection zone which is not part of the main La Collette Reclamation facilities weighbridge station.

#### 3.9 Waste processing zones

- 3.9.1 The main processing zone (Zone A) will receive all Category 1 (Green loads) and Category 2 (Amber loads) inert waste materials deemed to be suitable for recycling to produce recycled aggregates. These feedstock materials will be stockpiled within Zone A in segregated areas according to type (i.e. rock, concrete, weathered asphalt).
- 3.9.2 The different types of waste material will be delivered to the mobile crushing and screening plant for processing in batches, as part of the aggregate recycling operations, depending on the type of secondary aggregate being produced.
- 3.9.3 Based on the prevailing weather conditions, the inspection zone operative will decide on the extent to which a Category 2 load is suitable for stockpiling within Zone A for recycling.
- 3.9.4 The Category 3 (Red loads) inert waste materials received across the TTS weighbridge, once inspected by the AAL reception and inspection zone operative, will be directed for tipping at the agreed processing zones.

Materials will be stockpiled separately either for further processing based on their content (see 3.11.2 below) or for reservation for use in ongoing engineering projects at the site. These stockpiles will be afforded a discrete zone identification code, which will be clearly marked using the appropriate signage.

3.9.5

The following mobile processing plant is used in the inert waste processing operations:

- > Aggregate Crusher QJ240
   > Aggregate Screener QE340
   > Aggregate Screener QA140
   > Aggregate Screener QA140
   > Aggregate Screener QA140
- > Aggregate Screener
- > Excavator 240CL
- Excavator 240Cl
   Excavator 140Cl
- > Dumper A25
- > Payloader

Reed Volvo Volvo Volvo Volvo

#### 3.10 Waste infilling zone

3.10.1 Materials that are deemed to be unsuitable for recovery or further processing, together with aggregate fines arising from the processing operations that are not required for engineering projects at the site, will be directed to the quarantine area for further investigation. Following further olfactory and visual inspection for chemical contamination by the waste infilling zone operative, these materials will be progressively pushed over to achieve the infilling of the applicable areas behind the sea rock wall. The location and nature of the waste infilling zone and the conditions to be achieved will be designed and directed by TTS in accordance with the overall infilling plans and development scheme for La Collette.

#### 3.11 Recovered materials storage zones

- 3.11.1 Recycled materials that have been recovered through the completion of processing operations will be stockpiled and stored in separate 'Product Zones', which will be clearly marked out using signage of a colour different to that used for the waste reception zones. Each of the saleable categories of recycled aggregates will be stockpiled in zones separated into the form of bays, which will be constructed using temporary infrastructure such as concrete mega-blocks and recycled railway sleepers
- 3.11.2 Certain amounts of the cleaner clays and subsoils received across the TTS weighbridge as Category 3 inert waste materials will be processed using a form of soil improver (to be provided by TTS) in order to create a saleable form of 'topsoil' that can then be sold from the site. The conditions to be achieved in the course of this processing of soil-based waste materials will be designed and directed by TTS in accordance with the limitations of the WML.
- 3.11.3 The following secondary aggregates will be stockpiled for sale from the site:
  - > Sub-Base Type 1 / Sub-Base Type 2
  - > Pipe Bedding Type // Pipe Bedding Type 2
  - > 100mm/250mm stone
  - > 50mm/100mm stone
  - > 20mm/50mm stone
  - > 0mm/20mm stone
  - > 0mm/10mm stone
  - > 0mm/5mm CRF
  - > 10mm/20mm (20mm Clean) stone
  - 4mm/10mm (10mm Clean) stone
  - > Fine Hoggin
    - Black Sand

0mm/75mm Scalpings & 0mm/40mm Scalpings Asphalt Planings

## WP 4 Site operations

#### 4.1 Staffing and management

4.1.1 For daily operation the following staffing levels will pertain:

|   | Table 4.1 – Site staff roles and responsibilities |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | Position  | Role and Responsibility  |  |  |  |
|   | CDEW Site Manager                                 | <ul> <li>Overall responsibility to manage the<br/>site in compliance with the WML and<br/>WP.</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
|   |   | • To ensure that the reporting<br>information required by the WML is<br>correctly completed and passed to<br>TTS for it to submit to the Department<br>of the Environment  |  |  |  |
|   |   | • To manage a response for any incoming loads that upon tipping have been identified as containing physical or chemical contaminants that could adversely affect the recycling effort or other site operations                                       |  |  |  |
|   |   | • To ensure that all site staff are fully conversant with the content of and rationale for the WML and this WP   |  |  |  |
|   |   | To maintain the facility Site Diary  |  |  |  |
|   | CDEW Site Foreman                                 | • To manage the site 'on the ground'   |  |  |  |
|   |   | <ul> <li>To manage a response for any<br/>incoming loads that upon tipping have<br/>been identified as containing physical<br/>or chemical contaminants that could<br/>adversely affect the recycling effort or<br/>other site operations</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
| Ç |   | • To ensure that all site staff are fully conversant with the content of and rationale for the WML and this WP   |  |  |  |
|   |   | To undertake facility inspections  |  |  |  |
|   | CDEW Site Operatives                              | <ul> <li>To inspect incoming loads before and<br/>upon tipping for compliance with the<br/>WML and WP</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
|   |   | • To inspect incoming loads upon tipping<br>for the presence of potential physical<br>or chemical contaminants that could<br>adversely affect the recycling effort.<br>The inspection is to involve visual and<br>olfactory (smelling) checks only   |  |  |  |
|   |   | <ul> <li>To sort and segregate waste and<br/>undertake regular site cleaning and<br/>housekeeping</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |

| Table 4.1 – Site staff roles and responsibilities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Position Role and Responsibility                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | • To report to the Site Foreman or Site<br>Manager any issues that could lead to<br>pollution, harm to human health or<br>nuisance to the site |  |  |  |  |  |

- 4.1.2 There will be a minimum staffing level on site during facility operation, which will consist of:
  - > One technically competent person; and
  - > One operative

#### 4.2 Incident management and health & safety

- 4.2.1 This WP does not contain or discharge full information that relates to the correct management of health & safety for the operation. AAL will carry out the CDEW recycling operation in accordance with the provisions of its own health & safety policy.
- 4.2.2 Site safety rules are attached to this working plan within Appendix C.
- 4.2.3 Visitors to the site that are not involved in the delivery or removal of wastes and/or materials, where not accompanied by a member of the AAL staff or an authorised officer of either TTS or the Department of the Environment, will be required to undertake and successfully complete a site induction. The site safety rules at Appendix D of this WP will be made available to site visitors as part of the site induction process.
- 4.2.4 An Incident Plan containing basic information and procedures relating to the site is contained within Section WP 0.
- 4.2.5 All visitors to the CDEW recycling operation will be directed to the site office within the inspection zone. Any necessary site inductions will be undertaken by the site manager or the site foreman and the necessary PPE issued before a visitor is authorised to proceed to other areas of the site.

#### 4.3 TTS waste acceptance procedures

- 4.3.1 In accordance with the procedures detailed at 3.7 above, each load is booked in via the IN weighbridge by the TTS weighbridge operator.
- 4.3.2 Each load destined for the CDEW Recycling site will be categorised by the TTS weighbridge operator based on information provided by the consignee and also from a visual inspection using the weighbridge CCTV system.

Each load will be categorised as follows based on the approximate percentage of recyclable materials in each load:

- > 'Green load' Category 1 = 80% or greater of recyclable waste
- > 'Amber load' Category 2 = Between 80% and 20% recyclable waste
- > 'Red load' Category 3 = Less than 20% recyclable waste

<u>Category 1 (80/20 Recyclable)</u>: Segregated loads containing greater than 80% of recyclable aggregates. Mainly comprising rock and CDEW, to include concrete, clay bricks, weathered asphalt, mortar and plaster.

<u>Category 2 (20/80 Recyclable)</u>: Partially segregated loads containing less than 80% but greater than 20% of recyclable aggregates. Comprising rock and

.3.3

CDEW as described in Category 1 with permissible contamination to include clays, soils and aggregate fines.

<u>Category 3 (0/20 Recyclable)</u>: Non-segregated loads containing inert materials with less than 20% of recyclable aggregates.

#### 4.4 Waste acceptance procedures AAL

- 4.4.1 The CDEW recycling operation will have a clearly identified inspection zone, which is not part of the main La Collette Reclamation site weighbridge station. This waste inspection zone will include the AAL site office and welfare facilities together with a separate inspection office, which will be manned by an inspection zone operative.
- 4.4.2 No tipping of CDEW will take place in the inspection zone.
- 4.4.3 The inspection zone operative will receive notification via radio from the TTS weighbridge operator detailing the categorisation of each load booked in at the 'IN' weighbridge. The inspection zone operative will then inspect the load and direct it to the relevant reception zone for tipping. This system will be developed further as the new procedures evolve and the WP will be updated accordingly.
- 4.4.4 In the event a load has been incorrectly identified at the time it is booked in over the TTS weighbridge and this has not been recognised by the inspection zone operative, the reception zone operative will inform both the weighbridge operator and the load carrier accordingly. After the re-categorisation of the load has been agreed between the reception zone operative and the weighbridge operator, the latter will amend the weighbridge records to reflect the correct category assigned to the load and issue the proper documentation at the time the load carrier leaves the site at the 'OUT' weighbridge. The reception zone operative will also inform the inspection zone operative that a re-categorisation had been required. As with 4.4.3 above, the WP will be amended as the acceptance procedures system evolves based on practical experience.
- 4.4.5 Where a non-segregated load is designated as Category 3 and is deemed to be less than 20% recyclable by virtue of its physical contamination with non-recyclable waste materials (such as wood or metal), consideration will be given by the inspection zone operative as to whether the load carrier can segregate the load by hand in order to render it suitable for re-categorisation and processing. If this hand-sorting option is offered and the load carrier agrees to undertake the exercise, the load will be directed to the designated sorting area within the inspection zone. Once the load has been cleansed of its physical contaminants and the inspection zone operative has confirmed it is suitable for further processing, it will then be directed to the relevant reception zone. The inspection zone operative of the re-categorisation before the load is tipped. The procedures outlined at 3.7.2 will then be followed.

The operations for the CDEW processing are undertaken using mobile plant as detailed in section 3.9 above and this plant is not fixed in position. The operations will be reconfigured, both in terms of the layout arrangement and the position within La Collette Reclamation site, based on the ongoing processing requirements. The processing area may also be split into a number of sub zones in order to match storage and processing requirements to the types and quantities of materials to be processed.

4.4.7 In all configurations the inspection zone will remain in the same position. The remainder of the site zones, including the processing zones, will be adjusted and configured to suit the available space and needs of the process. An up-to-date layout plan that reflects the current arrangements will be maintained at all times (see Appendix D) and a copy of this plan will be kept in the AAL site office.

#### 4.5 Non-conforming wastes – reception facility and inspection zone

- 4.5.1 If waste materials that do not conform to the acceptable criteria for processing within the CDEW recycling operation or for tipping in the designated waste infilling zone are discovered by the inspection zone operative, the following actions will be taken:
  - The consignee will be informed that the load is not acceptable and the consignee will be asked to leave the site before the load is tipped;
  - The La Collette weighbridge operator will be informed that the consignee has tried to deliver an unacceptable load; and
  - The AAL site foreman and/or site manager will be informed that the appropriate entry should be made in the site diary.
- 4.5.2 If waste materials that do not conform to the acceptable criteria for processing within the CDEW recycling operation or for tipping in the designated waste infilling zone are discovered after they have been tipped, the site foreman and/or site manager will inspect and assess the non-conforming waste before taking the following action:
  - > Where safe to do so, the waste will repackaged as necessary to allow safe transport to another facility or an alternative La Collette Reclamation waste operation;
  - > Where the waste can be moved but no receiving facility has been identified, the waste will be moved to the designated quarantine area; and
  - > Asbestos and asbestos-containing wastes will be left in-situ. They will be damped down by spray with a hose and covered over with suitably heavyduty polythene sheeting before being clearly marked. Arrangements will be made with the La Collette Asbestos Facility operated by TTS to remove the waste as soon as possible.
- 4.5.3 All instances of non-conforming waste will be recorded in the Site Diary and, where possible, these records will include information relating to the entity that deposited the non-conforming wastes. AAL will contact both TTS and the delivering entity to implement the recharge as required and to clarify the wastes that are acceptable for tipping at the CDEW facility.

#### 4.6 Waste containing suspected chemical contamination

4.6.1 Waste may be deemed acceptable to receive at the reception facility and inspection zone but, due to unforeseen contamination within the waste, the load may not be suitable for use in land reclamation.

Upon discovery, this contaminated waste will be isolated in order to allow further assessment to be undertaken. A modified version of the UK's Inert Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria will be used to determine whether the waste is suitable to be tipped at the designated waste infilling zone or processed for recycling. The current WML will contain the testing requirements.

#### Quarantine procedures

- 4.7.1 Within all CDEW recycling operation configurations a clearly defined quarantine area will be established. The quarantine area should, where possible, be located on a TTS-managed contained surface.
- 4.7.2 The quarantine zone will be clearly marked and access limited to only those operatives authorised to enter and/or undertake work within this area. This area, including the receiving of materials to be quarantined, is to be managed by TTS.
- 4.7.3 Where contaminated materials cannot safely be moved, they will be isolated insitu using moveable plastic barriers or another other suitable cordon system.

4.6.2

TTS and the AAL site foreman and/or site manager will be informed. A course of action will then be determined with TTS in order to safely manage the quarantined waste.

- 4.7.4 As detailed in 4.5.2 above, asbestos and asbestos-containing wastes will be left in-situ. They will be damped down by spraying with a hose and covered over with heavy-duty polythene sheeting and clearly marked. Arrangements will then be made with the La Collette Asbestos facility operated by TTS to remove the waste to this facility as soon as possible
- 4.7.5 All instances of non-conforming waste that has been quarantined will be recorded in the Site Diary and details of actions taken will be included in the record.

#### 4.8 Tipping – Designated Waste Infill zone

- 4.8.1 Wastes that are residues of the CDEW processing operation or waste that has no potential for recycling will be used in the inert land reclamation operation, as detailed in 3.10 above, following inspection at the designated waste infill zone.
- 4.8.2 Unless these residues are known to be contaminated or they are suspected to be contaminated, they will be moved to the designated waste infill zone for placement in accordance with the ongoing operating procedures detailed in this WP.
- 4.8.3 Where it is known or suspected that these residues do not meet the accepted Jersey land reclamation Waste Acceptance Criteria (WAC), such materials will be moved to the current quarantine area, they shall not be tipped until the appropriate testing has been undertaken and the materials have been confirmed as meeting the WAC. The WAC is specified in the WML.
- 4.8.4 The WML will specify the standards to be achieved by the sampling.
- 4.8.5 Rough sorting will be used to remove obvious potential sources of contamination, such as nominally empty paint tins missed during inspection at the time of tipping. A skip will be located near the designated waste infill zone, which will be used to collect and store items separated by rough sorting. TTS will arrange for the regular disposal of the materials collected and deposited in the skip through the delivery of these materials to EfW for incineration.
- 4.8.6 The location of the designated waste infill zone will be shown on the current site plan as contained in Appendix D.

#### 4.9 General

4.9.3

1.9.4

- 4.9.1 The site will be inspected daily by the AAL site foreman.
- 4.9.2 Daily checks will also be made of the water supply, fire hoses, electrical outlets and isolators.
  - Bad odours when/if they occur, will be suppressed with the use of neutralising agents, via misting, or other appropriate means.
  - Spill kits containing absorbent granules, socks and matting will be located at various points within the site, including at points adjacent to any areas used for the storage of fuel oils and lubricating/hydraulic oils.
- 4.9.5 Please refer to Appendix C for the Site Safety Rules.

#### 4.10 Materials dispatch

4.10.1 All materials (such as secondary aggregates) consigned from the operation will pass over the main La Collette Reclamation OUT weighbridge.

4.10.2 All materials leaving the site can only do so while the weighbridge is open for logging and weighing materials. The following minimum information will be expected - weight, type, vehicle registration and carrier

suitation

### WP 5 Environmental management

#### 5.1 General

- 5.1.1 Operational environmental controls, which will be in place on site, are described in the subsections below.
- 5.1.2 Please refer to Appendix C for the overall La Collette Reclamation Site Safety Rules.
- 5.1.3 All waste handling and processing will take place within the site.
- 5.1.4 All vehicles used to remove waste or recovered materials from the CDEW recycling operation site will be caged, sheeted or covered to avoid litter nuisance where appropriate.
- 5.1.5 The site will be inspected once a day by the AAL site foreman or manager. This inspection is to monitor the site compliance with WML conditions, WP requirements and health & safety matters.
- 5.1.6 Daily checks will be made of the water supply, fire hoses, spill kits, electrical outlets and isolators.
- 5.1.7 On site litter will be picked up regularly (i.e. once a week) as part of general site housekeeping.
- 5.1.8 An environmental risk assessment is included in Appendix A.

#### 5.2 Drainage system

5.4.1

- 5.2.1 Please refer to Section 3.3 above.
- 5.2.2 TTS will manage the wider drainage system for the La Collette Reclamation site.

#### 5.3 Breakdowns and spillages

- 5.3.1 In the event of the breakdown of a site-loading shovel, excavator or other item of plant, AAL has an arrangement to call in a fitter to carry out repairs.
- 5.3.2 Any liquid spillages will be cleared as soon as practicable by depositing absorbents on the affected area. Spill kits will be provided and clearly signed. Any mobile fuel bowsers shall carry a spillage kit.
- 5.3.3 Used absorbents will be suitably contained (blue plastic clamp drum or similar) prior to being taken to an appropriately licensed site for disposal. See Section 0.5 for more details.

#### 5.4 Site inspection and maintenance

A site inspection form (see Appendix B) will be completed by a person who is familiar with the requirements of the WP and WML for the site. The frequency of inspection will be commensurate with the level of activity. For ordinary levels of activity, this inspection will be undertaken daily, reducing in frequency where operations are suspended or scaled back. All details of any defects or problems discovered and the remedial actions taken will be recorded within the site diary as soon as practical.

### WP 6 Amenity management and monitoring

#### 6.1 Control of mud and debris

- 6.1.1 All operational areas of the site are covered with permeable hardstanding. All the waste handling and processing operations will take place within the site
- 6.1.2 All vehicles that leave the CDEW recycling operation after depositing waste or collecting materials are required if deemed necessary to pass over a wheel wash system that is part of the TTS weighbridge complex at La Collette prior to their arrival at the OUT weighbridge station.
- 6.1.3 TTS are responsible for the correct maintenance and operation of the wheel wash and the cleaning of the road leading to and from the main La Collette Reclamation site gate to the Island road network.
- 6.1.4 AAL will, in partnership with TTS, inform and direct all vehicles leaving the CDEW operation that they are required if deemed necessary to pass over the wheel wash prior to exiting the La Collette Reclamation site.

#### 6.2 Control and monitoring of dust

- 6.2.1 The main potential sources of fugitive dust will be from the passage of vehicles over the unsealed road surfaces within the facility, from wind scouring the waste deposited and during the transfer of wastes/materials or the processing of wastes using mobile plant.
- 6.2.2 Vehicles moving around the site will be speed restricted (10mph). This will effectively avoid the raising of dust due to excessive air turbulence.
- 6.2.3 All unsealed road surfacing connected with the operation of the CDEW recycling site will be damped down using a water bowser where this is identified by the site foreman or manager as being required during the daily site inspection. The suppression of dust on the remainder of the roadways within La Collette, which are connected with other waste operations, will be managed by TTS.
- 6.2.4 When mechanical processing of waste is undertaken using mobile plant (crushers, screeners, etc.) then where an integral dust suppression system is fitted to that mobile plant it will be used to control dust emissions. The site foreman and/or site manager will assess whether additional suppression is required.
- 6.2.5 Where mobile plant is not fitted with an integral dust suppression system then a mobile dust suppression system should be used. The mobile dust suppression system should be placed as close as possible to the source of the dust generation in order to control the dust at source. The mobile system will be appropriate to the dust suppression required. It will generally comprise of localised damping down with a hose or hose and spray bar. The effectiveness of the mobile system will be monitored during use. Where it is not effective, AAL will investigate potential alternative systems and adopt them where appropriate.
- 6.2.6 Where possible, dust suppression systems shall minimise the consumption of water in order not only to minimise resource consumption but also to minimise the wetting of the site surface and waste that could lead to the generation of mud.
- 6.2.7 Dust suppression should be used to control dust from the reception of wastes and also for the stockpiling of wastes and recovered materials including the transfer/loading of materials.
- 6.2.8 All site operations will be carried out to reduce the creation of dust where possible. Restrictions may be placed on tipping heights during any transfer of wastes and materials.
- 6.2.9 AAL will investigate the need to install dust suppression systems such as sprinklers for stockpiles of recovered materials and instigate a system if required.

- 6.2.10 Unsealed surfaces should be improved either by placement of granular materials and/or the use of agents to bind the in-situ materials where necessary.
- 6.2.11 Any events of dust emission beyond the La Collette Reclamation site boundary or beyond the boundary of the CDEW operation should be notified to TTS. Each incidence will be investigated by the site foreman and/or the site manager and any necessary remedial actions will be adopted. The incidence of an emission and the remedial action taken will be recorded in the site diary as soon as practicable after the event.
- 6.2.12 All AAL staff will be trained so that they are aware of the appropriate dust control measures, including how and when to use them.
- 6.2.13 Operations that could give rise to large amounts of dusts will be restricted or stopped during periods of high winds at the site. The site foreman and/or site manager will determine whether certain operations need to be curtailed or stopped depending on their assessment of the conditions.

#### 6.3 Litter control

- 6.3.1 Due to the types of waste being processed at the CDEW operation, the generation of litter is not considered to be a major potential hazard. This notwithstanding, the measures below will be undertaken.
- 6.3.2 The site will be inspected for litter as part of the daily site inspection carried out by the site foreman and/or the site manager. A litter pick will be used to control any windblown litter.
- 6.3.3 A basic litter pick will be undertaken at the end of each working week at the boundary of the CDEW processing zone.
- 6.3.4 A fuller litter pick will be undertaken at the end of each month at the boundary of the CDEW operations site, including at the waste infill zone.
- 6.3.5 Where the site foreman and/or site manager determines that the litter arising at the CDEW operations site can be directly attributed to other waste operations being carried on within La Collette, TTS will be informed and the litter pick will be undertaken either directly by TTS or by AAL personnel at TTS' expense.

#### 6.4 Control of pests, birds and other scavengers (PBS)

- 6.4.1 The site will be inspected monthly for the presence of vermin and the findings of the inspection noted in the site diary.
- 6.4.2 It is considered unlikely that PBS will present a problem because of the nature of waste types handled at the site. Should a PBS problem be highlighted, however, it will be managed through use of an appropriate pest control contractor.

#### Control and monitoring of noise and vibration

6.5

The following mitigation measures will be put in place to minimise noise:

- > Where appropriate, Best Practicable Means are to be applied in the selection of plant and equipment to ensure the quietest equipment for any given operation is always used and any new equipment acquired should be the quietest available;
- > Mobile plant will be maintained in accordance with the manufacturers' recommended service intervals;
- > No speed humps will be provided on access roads to minimise banging;
- > The surfaced and un-surfaced roadways will be maintained to a good standard to avoid excessive rattle noise;
- > Exposure of operatives to noise will be monitored and any necessary remedial action will be taken. Operatives will be required to wear suitable noise-reducing ear defenders where necessary;
- > A maximum speed limit of 10mph will be established within the CDEW

6.5.1

operation area and enforced by AAL staff through the use of clear signage and direct instruction to drivers; and

> Drop heights will be kept to a minimum to minimise vibration.

#### 6.6 Odour control

- 6.6.1 Incoming waste will be subject to the acceptance procedure detailed in Section 4.3
- 6.6.2 The waste types accepted by the CDEW recycling operation are generally not of the type that would give rise to odour nuisance, however olfactory assessments will be made by the Site Manager and/or Site Foreman at regular intervals throughout working hours. The presence of a detectable malodour will be recorded in the diary together with details of any remedial measures taken to reduce the detectable odour as soon as practicable after the event.
- 6.6.3 Where a malodour is detected but this is clearly associated with other La Collette operations (Composting, etc.), this will also be noted and TTS will be informed.
- 6.6.4 Olfactory assessments should be made when site personnel arrive at the site and not after they have been on site for some time to reduce any desensitising effect.

#### 6.7 Control of fire

- 6.7.1 Smoking is not allowed on site, other than in designated areas.
- 6.7.2 No waste material will be burned on site.
- 6.7.3 Fire extinguishers will be located in appropriate locations throughout the site, including within the reception facility/welfare buildings and adjacent to the areas used for the storage of fuels and oils. Extinguishers will be selected to suit the potential fire hazards identified at each location. They will be used to control fires on site and will be checked on a weekly basis as part of regular site inspections.
- 6.7.4 A record will be kept, in the site diary, of fire drills carried out on site.
- 6.7.5 In the event of fire, the Fire & Rescue Service will be called.
- 6.7.6 All outbreaks of fire will be notified to TTS.

#### 6.8 Control of security

- 6.8.1 The CDEW recycling site is within a larger waste facility where public access is prevented by security fencing and CCTV. The perimeter security is maintained and managed by TTS.
- 6.8.2 AAL mobile plant, stores and site building will be locked and secured when not in use to prevent unauthorised access out of hours.

### Appendix A Risk assessment

| Data and inform  | mation   |  |  | Judgement                      |  |   | Action (by per   | mitting)   |  |
|--|--|--|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Receptor   | Source   | Harm   | Pathway  | Probability of exposure        | Consequence  | Magnitude of<br>risk                                | Justification for magnitude  | Risk management  | Residual risk  |
| What is at risk?<br>What do I wish to<br>protect?        | What is the agent<br>or process with<br>potential to<br>cause harm?                    | What are the<br>harmful<br>consequences if<br>things go wrong?   | How might the<br>receptor come<br>into contact with<br>the source? | How likely is<br>this contact? | How severe will<br>the<br>consequences<br>be if this occurs? | What is the<br>overall<br>magnitude of<br>the risk? | On what did I<br>base my<br>judgement?   | How can I best<br>manage the risk to<br>reduce the<br>magnitude?   | What is the<br>magnitude of<br>the risk after<br>management<br>(This residua<br>risk will be<br>controlled by<br>Compliance<br>Assessment) |
| Local human<br>population                                | Releases of<br>particulate matter<br>(dusts) and micro-<br>organisms<br>(bioaerosols). | Harm to human<br>health - respiratory<br>irritation and illness. | Air transport then inhalation.                                     | Low                            | Medium   | Low   | Permitted waste<br>types do not<br>includes dusts,<br>powders<br>(exception of<br>plasterboard<br>powder) or loose<br>fibres but the<br>treatment<br>activities will<br>produce<br>particulate matter<br>but the facility is at<br>some distance<br>from the local<br>population and<br>within a larger<br>waste<br>management<br>facility so a Low<br>magnitude risk is<br>estimated. | Restriction on waste<br>types and additionally<br>mitigation at production<br>source though use of<br>targeted dust<br>suppression.            | Low  |
| Local human<br>population                                | As above   | Nuisance - dust on cars, clothing etc.                           | Air transport then<br>deposition                                   | Low                            | Low  | Low   | Limited local<br>sensitive human<br>receptor s due to<br>the location of the<br>facility.  | Restriction on the types<br>of waste to those with<br>limited potential to<br>generate litter. Litter<br>management (picking<br>etc) within WP | Low  |
| Local human<br>population,<br>livestock and<br>wildlife. | Litter   | Nuisance, loss of<br>amenity and harm to<br>animal health        | Air transport then deposition                                      | Low                            | Medium   | Medium  | Limited human<br>receptors, but<br>wildlife receptors<br>are present.  | As above.  | Low  |

| Data and inform                                   | mation  |   |  | Judgement                      |  |   | Action (by perr  |   |   |
|---|---|---|--|--------------------------------|--|---|--|---|---|
| Receptor  | Source  | Harm  | Pathway  | Probability of exposure        | Consequence  | Magnitude of risk                                   | Justification for<br>magnitude   | Risk management   | Residual risk   |
| What is at risk?<br>What do I wish to<br>protect? | What is the agent<br>or process with<br>potential to<br>cause harm? | What are the<br>harmful<br>consequences if<br>things go wrong?  | How might the<br>receptor come<br>into contact with<br>the source? | How likely is<br>this contact? | How severe will<br>the<br>consequences<br>be if this occurs? | What is the<br>overall<br>magnitude of<br>the risk? | On what did I<br>base my<br>judgement?   | How can I best<br>manage the risk to<br>reduce the<br>magnitude?  | What is the<br>magnitude of<br>the risk after<br>management<br>(This residua<br>risk will be<br>controlled by<br>Compliance<br>Assessment). |
| Local human<br>population                         | Waste, litter and<br>mud on local<br>roads                          | Nuisance, loss of<br>amenity, road traffic<br>accidents.  | Vehicles entering<br>and leaving site.                             | Medium                         | Low  | Low   | Site has a private,<br>dedicated long<br>and well surfaced<br>access road.   | Site has a dedicated<br>wheel wash which all<br>leaving vehicles but<br>pass through. The road<br>is swept by La Collette<br>reclamation site<br>operators. | Low   |
| Local human<br>population                         | Odour   | Nuisance, loss of amenity   | Air transport then inhalation.                                     | Low                            | Low  | Low   | Local residents<br>often sensitive to<br>odour, however<br>the site is at some<br>distance from<br>such receptors<br>and waste types<br>are restricted to<br>those that do not<br>normally cause<br>malodours. | Control of acceptable<br>waste types to those<br>not known to cause<br>malodours.   | Low   |
| Local human<br>Dopulation                         | Noise and<br>vibration  | Nuisance, loss of<br>amenity, loss of<br>sleep.   | Noise through the air and vibration through the ground.            | Low                            | Low  | Low   | Local residents<br>often sensitive to<br>noise and<br>vibration, however<br>the site is at some<br>distance from<br>such receptors.  | Control through operational measures.   | Low   |
| Local human<br>population                         | Scavenging<br>animals and<br>scavenging birds                       | Harm to human<br>health - from waste<br>carried off site and<br>faeces. Nuisance<br>and loss of<br>amenity. | Air transport and over land  | Low                            | Low  | Low   | Permitted wastes<br>are unlikely to<br>attract scavenging<br>animals and birds.  | Limit on the types of wastes that are accepted.   | Very low  |
| Local human<br>population                         | Pests (e.g. flies)  | Harm to human<br>health, nuisance,<br>loss of amenity   | Air transport and over land  | Medium                         | Medium   | Medium  | Permitted wastes<br>are unlikely to<br>attract insect<br>pests.  | As above  | Low   |

| Data and information   |  |  |   | Judgement                      |  |   | Action (by permitting)  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|--------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| Receptor   | Source   | Harm   | Pathway   | Probability of exposure        | Consequence  | Magnitude of risk                                   | Justification for<br>magnitude  | Risk management  | Residual risk   |
| What is at risk?<br>What do I wish to<br>protect?  | What is the agent<br>or process with<br>potential to<br>cause harm?  | What are the<br>harmful<br>consequences if<br>things go wrong?   | How might the<br>receptor come<br>into contact with<br>the source?                                    | How likely is<br>this contact? | How severe will<br>the<br>consequences<br>be if this occurs? | What is the<br>overall<br>magnitude of<br>the risk? | On what did I<br>base my<br>judgement?  | How can I best<br>manage the risk to<br>reduce the<br>magnitude?   | What is the<br>magnitude of<br>the risk after<br>management<br>(This residual<br>risk will be<br>controlled by<br>Compliance<br>Assessment) |
| Local human<br>bopulation and /<br>or livestock after<br>gaining<br>unauthorised<br>access to the<br>waste operation | All on-site<br>hazards: wastes;<br>machinery and<br>vehicles.  | Bodily injury  | Direct physical<br>contact  | Low                            | Medium   | Low   | Permitted waste<br>types are non-<br>hazardous or<br>inert so only a<br>medium<br>magnitude risk is<br>estimated.   | Activities shall be<br>managed and operated<br>in accordance with the<br>WP which includes site<br>security measures to<br>prevent unauthorised<br>access. | Low   |
| Local human<br>population and<br>local environment.  | Arson and / or<br>vandalism causing<br>the release of<br>polluting materials<br>to air (smoke or<br>fumes), water or<br>land.              | Respiratory<br>irritation, illness and<br>nuisance to local<br>population. Injury to<br>staff, firefighters or<br>arsonists/vandals.<br>Pollution of water or<br>land. | Air transport of<br>smoke. Spillages<br>and contaminated<br>firewater by direct<br>run-off from site. | Low                            | Medium   | Low   | Permitted waste<br>types do not<br>include sludges or<br>liquids and are<br>non-hazardous so<br>only a medium<br>magnitude risk is<br>estimated. The<br>materials<br>accepted are<br>generally non<br>combustible in<br>nature. | WP contains measures<br>to control fire and<br>spillages. Control over<br>the types of waste<br>accepted.  | Low   |
| Local human<br>Dopulation and<br>Ocal environment  | Accidental fire<br>causing the<br>release of<br>polluting materials<br>to air (smoke or<br>fumes), water or<br>land.                       | Respiratory<br>irritation, illness and<br>nuisance to local<br>population. Injury to<br>staff or firefighters.<br>Pollution of water or<br>land.                       | As above.   | Medium                         | Medium   | Low   | Risk of accidental<br>combustion of<br>waste is<br>moderate.  | As above (excluding<br>comments on access to<br>waste). Licensed<br>activities do not include<br>the burning of waste.                                     | Low   |
| Nater<br>environment   | Spillage of liquids,<br>leachate from<br>waste,<br>contaminated<br>rainwater run-off<br>from waste e.g.<br>containing<br>suspended solids. | Acute effects:<br>oxygen depletion,<br>fish kill and algal<br>blooms   | Direct run-off from<br>site across ground<br>surface, via<br>surface water<br>drains, ditches etc.    | Low                            | Medium   | Low   | Permitted waste<br>types do not<br>include sludge's or<br>liquids so only a<br>medium<br>magnitude risk is<br>estimated.<br>Acceptable<br>wastes are low<br>risk due to their<br>nature, little or no<br>leachabilty.           | All liquids shall be<br>provided with<br>secondary<br>containment (applies<br>to non- wastes such as<br>fuels). WAC within<br>WML.                         | Very low  |

| Data and inform                                   | mation  |  |  | Judgement                      |  |   | Action (by perr   | nitting)  |   |
|---|---|--|--|--------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| Receptor  | Source  | Harm   | Pathway  | Probability of exposure        | Consequence  | Magnitude of risk                                   | Justification for<br>magnitude  | Risk management   | Residual risk   |
| What is at risk?<br>What do I wish to<br>protect? | What is the agent<br>or process with<br>potential to<br>cause harm? | What are the<br>harmful<br>consequences if<br>things go wrong?   | How might the<br>receptor come<br>into contact with<br>the source?       | How likely is<br>this contact? | How severe will<br>the<br>consequences<br>be if this occurs? | What is the<br>overall<br>magnitude of<br>the risk? | On what did I<br>base my<br>judgement?  | How can I best<br>manage the risk to<br>reduce the<br>magnitude?  | What is the<br>magnitude of<br>the risk after<br>management?<br>(This residual<br>risk will be<br>controlled by<br>Compliance<br>Assessment). |
| Water<br>environment                              | As above  | Chronic effects:<br>deterioration of<br>water quality  | As above. Indirect<br>run-off via the soil<br>layer                      | Low                            | Low  | Low   | Waste types are<br>non-hazardous to<br>inert so harm is<br>likely to be<br>temporary and<br>reversible.   | As above  | Low   |
| Groundwater                                       | As above  | Chronic effects:<br>contamination of<br>groundwater,<br>requiring treatment<br>of water or closure<br>of borehole.                 | Transport through<br>soil/groundwater<br>then extraction at<br>borehole. | Medium                         | Medium   | Medium  | There is a<br>potential for<br>contaminated<br>rainwater run-off<br>or leachate from<br>permitted waste<br>types.   | As above  | Low   |
| Protected sites -<br>Ramsar                       | Any   | Harm to protected<br>site through toxic<br>contamination,<br>nutrient enrichment,<br>smothering,<br>disturbance,<br>predation etc. | Any  | Low                            | Medium   | Low   | Waste operations<br>may cause harm<br>to and<br>deterioration of<br>nature<br>conservation sites.<br>Predation unlikely<br>as waste types will<br>no attract<br>scavengers etc. | Control over the types<br>of waste permitted to<br>be accepted is<br>restricted. Incident<br>procedures in place. | Low   |
|   |   | one  |  |                                |  |   |   |   |   |
| ersion: Consul                                    | tation Submissi   | on   |  | Page 30 of 3                   | 36   |   |   | Γ   | Date: May 2012  |

### Appendix B Site Inspection Form

| <u> </u>                             |          |   |                           |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---|---------------------------|
| Checks to Undertake                  | Checked? | Description   | Comments or Actions taken |
| Checked Site Engineering?            | □(tick)  | Check condition of site surfacing, drainage,<br>walls, water supply, fire controls etc (Visual) | 6                         |
| Checked Site Identification Board    | (tick)   | Check condition of Site Identification Sign (Visual)  | + S                       |
| Checked Site Security?               | □(tick)  | Check condition of site fence, gates, hedges  |                           |
| Checked for Odour?                   | (tick)   | Check for odour at or beyond site boundary  |                           |
| Checked for Pests?                   | (tick)   | Check for evidence of pests   |                           |
| Scavengers?                          | □(tick)  | Check for evidence of scavengers  |                           |
| Litter?                              | (tick)   | Complete daily litter check   |                           |
| Dust/Noise?                          | (tick)   | Undertake check for dust or noise during<br>operations(i.e. when tipping, sorting etc)          |                           |
| Drainage Tank / Drainage<br>Checked? | □(tick)  | Check Drainage Tank oil/silt level  |                           |
| General Issues                       | Circle   | Description   | Comments of Actions taken |
| General Maintenance Undertaken?      | Yes/No   | Has any general site maintenance been<br>undertaken? See Maintenance Schedule                   |                           |
| Breakdowns/Spillages?                | Yes/No   | Has any site machinery/plant broken down? Have spillages resulted? (Follow spillage plan)       |                           |
| Emergencies/Incidents?               | Yes/No   | Have any Emergencies/incidents occurred?<br>(complete incident plan)                            |                           |
| Problems with Waste Received?        | Yes/No   | Have there been problems with wastes, difficult, non-permitted?                                 |                           |
| Any Complaints?                      | Yes/No   | Nature of Complaint and action taken  |                           |
| Any Other Issues?                    | Yes/No   | Anything else of interest?<br>e.g. Environment Department Inspection?                           |                           |

### Appendix C Site safety rules –

#### La Collette.

La Collette is the site for the reception and recycling of green waste and solid inert waste. Customers for each facility enter the site through different entrances, following the signs. All TTS employees, contractors or visitors to the site must sign in.

If visiting the solid waste area of the site, visitors must sign in at the Portacabin by the entrance. This is the first thing visitors must do when they arrive. When visitors sign in, they will be made aware of any specific site hazards on that day.

If visiting the green waste area, visitors must sign in here.

All visitors must wear high visibility clothing and if working on the site they must also wear protective safety boots and overalls.

The speed limit on the site is 20 miles per hour. Visitors must remember there are constant vehicle movements and remain aware of the special risk that this represents – especially if they are moving around the site on foot.

Visitors should also remember that due to the movement of recycled waste, the shape of the site is constantly changing.

Toilet facilities and first aid equipment are available and visitors can ask TTS site staff to help them locate these facilities when necessary. There will also be a trained first aider on site.

In accordance with TTS policy, smoking is not allowed within any building and eating/drinking must only be undertaken in the areas specifically set aside for breaks and lunches.

Finally all rules relating to personal hygiene must be followed and hands must be washed thoroughly using disinfectant soap before eating, drinking or smoking. Hands must all be washed when leaving the site.

Visitors must always sign out when leaving the site.

Version: Consultation Submission

19510

### Appendix D

### **Current Site Plan**

An up to date to version of the overall site plan should be inserted into this appendix. A copy should also be displayed in the La Collette weighbridge office and in the AAL Recycling Ltd La Collette site office.

Version: Consultation Submission

SURC

Appendix E

### La Collette Reclamation Site Overall Plan

subtration

### Appendix F

### AAL Waste Recovery Protocol

