

STATES OF JERSEY

MINISTER FOR HOME AFFAIRS

**CUSTOMS AND EXCISE (IMPORT AND EXPORT CONTROL) (JERSEY)
ORDER 2006**

OPEN GENERAL IMPORT LICENCE

EFFECTIVE AS FROM 11th July 2019

THE AGENT OF THE IMPÔTS, by virtue of the powers conferred upon the Minister for Home Affairs by the Customs and Excise (Import and Export Control) (Jersey) Order 2006, and all other powers enabling the Minister in that behalf and delegated to the Agent of the Impôts, hereby revokes all previous Open General Import Licences and grants the following Open General Import Licence:-

1. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 2 to 5 of this Licence, all goods may be imported into Jersey unless they are included in Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 of the Customs and Excise (Import and Export Control) (Jersey) Order 2006.
2. This Licence does **not** authorise the importation of:
 - a) any **goods subject to EC quantitative restrictions or surveillance licensing** imposed by EC Regulations;
 - b) any goods which are subject to the requirement for an import licence on their introduction into the European Community under any provision of the **Common Agricultural Policy**;
 - c) any **substances, or products containing such substances, that deplete the ozone level** as listed in Annexes A to F of the Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer (as amended or adjusted from time to time) (the "**Montreal Protocol**") from any State not party to the Montreal Protocol;
 - d) any **rough diamonds** controlled by EC Regulation 2368/2002 (as amended from time to time) from any place outside the Customs territory of the European Community;
 - e) any **goods which have no practical use other than for the purposes of capital punishment, torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment** as listed in Annex II of EC Regulation 1236/2005 (as amended from time to time);
 - f) any **radio or telecommunication terminal equipment** to which EC Directive 1999/5/EC (as amended from time to time) applies that

does not, as provided by Article 8 of that Directive, bear the CE marking which indicates conformity with all provisions of that Directive;

- g) any **charcoal** that originates in Somalia or has been exported from Somalia as set out in EU regulation 147/2003 as amended by EU regulation 642/2012 (as amended from time to time);
- h) **Uranium ore concentrates**, other than when consigned from the EU area;
- i) **Plutonium**, uranium 233, uranium enriched in the isotopes 233 or 235, natural uranium and mixtures, compounds and alloys containing any of the foregoing, including spent or irradiated nuclear reactor fuel elements (cartridges), other than when consigned from the EU area;
- j) **Arms** and related materials of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles and equipment, paramilitary equipment and spare parts of that equipment which appear on the EU common military list, originating in or shipped from the Russian Federation;
- k) **Arms** and related materials of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles and equipment, paramilitary equipment and spare parts of that equipment which appear on the EU common military list, from Syria;
- l) the substance listed below:

- **fluorophenmetrazine also known as FPM**

3. Goods to which paragraph 2 applies may nevertheless be imported into Jersey under the authority of this Licence if they satisfy the conditions of the relevant EC Regulation and Directives and are supported by a valid import document issued thereunder.
4. Substances, or products containing substances, that deplete the ozone level as listed in Annexes A to F of the Montreal Protocol may be imported from any State party only as permitted by, and in accordance with, the Montreal Protocol and EC Regulation 1005/2009, supported by a valid import document, including quantities of such substances or products required for essential and critical uses or those expressly permitted by the Agent of the Impôts, within the limits and subject to any conditions of the Montreal Protocol and EC Regulation 1005/2009.
5. This Licence does **not** authorise the importation of any goods where the import of those goods would be contrary to any of the provisions of any other enactment, including any enactment of the United Kingdom extended to the Bailiwick by an Order in Council.

This Licence shall have effect from **11th July 2019**.

Mark Cockerham
Acting Agent of the Impôts
Government of Jersey Customs and Immigration Service

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

(These explanatory notes are not part of the Licence)

1. **The Customs and Excise (Import and Export Control) (Jersey) Order, 2006**, requires that all goods imported into Jersey are covered by an Import Licence. The Order allows the Minister for Home Affairs to issue an Open General Licence which covers most importations. All functions relating to licences under Article 4 of the Order have been delegated to the Agent of the Impôts under Article 28(1)(b) of the States of Jersey Law 2005.
2. **Open General Import Licence.** From time to time the Agent of the Impôts makes an Open General Import Licence allowing the importation of all goods apart from those specified within the Licence. Importers of goods so specified will need to apply to the States of Jersey Customs and Immigration Service for an individual import licence.
3. **Applications for Individual Licences.** These should be addressed to the Agent of the Impôts States of Jersey Customs and Immigration Service, Maritime House, St Helier, Jersey, JE1 1JD from whom application forms may be obtained.
4. **Shipment in anticipation of Licences.** Goods included in Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 of the Customs and Excise (Import and Export Control) (Jersey) Order 2006, or that are subject to the conditions specified in Paragraphs 2,3 and 4 to this "Open" Licence, may **not** be shipped to or otherwise imported into the Bailiwick without an individual import licence. Importers are warned that they should not arrange to ship any goods to Jersey until they have obtained a licence or have ascertained that a licence will be granted, or that an individual licence is not required.
5. **Expiry of Licence.** If goods for which an import licence has been granted cannot be dispatched in time to arrive before the licence expires, they should not be forwarded unless an extension of the licence has been granted. Applications for such extensions should explain fully why the goods could not be imported during the validity of the licence; extensions will not be granted automatically.
6. **Compliance with EC Regulations, Directions and international conventions.** Paragraph 2 refers to the requirements of external legislation binding on the Island. To avoid making this licence an unwieldy document the detailed requirements of this legislation have not been included. Full details may be obtained from the States of Jersey Customs and Immigration Service.
7. **Compliance with other Regulations.** The issue of an Import Licence (Open General or Individual) does not sanction the importation of any goods which may be prohibited or restricted under any other enactment or regulation and does not relieve importers from the payment of any duties to which the goods may be liable.
8. **Offences.** Goods not covered by an Open General Import Licence (see note 1) are, in the absence of a valid import licence, liable to forfeiture under the provisions of the Customs and Excise (Jersey) Law 1999. Penalties are prescribed against the importer. It is also an offence for any person, for the purpose of obtaining an import licence, to make any declaration or statement, or furnish any document or information, which to his knowledge is false in a material particular.